



Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat

	CONTENTS
HOW TO GET THERE	5
ATTRACTIONS	6
Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri	6
Amphoe Don Chedi	15
Amphoe Bang Pla Ma	16
Amphoe Si Prachan	17
Amphoe Sam Chuk	19
Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat	20
Amphoe Dan Chang	25
Amphoe U Thong	27
Amphoe Song Phi Nong	30
EVENTS & FESTIVALS	32
EXAMPLES OF TOUR PROGRAMMES	33
FACILITIES IN SUPHAN BURI	36
Accommodations	36
Homestays	39
Restaurants	39
LOCAL PRODUCTS & SOUVENIRS	43

47

USEFUL CALLS



Wat Pa Lelai Worawihan

SUPHAN BURI

Just a hundred kilometres away from Bangkok, Suphan Buri is an ancient town rich in natural and historical heritage. The province was once an important border town involving battles and important wars during the period of the Ayutthaya Kingdom. So, today, travelling around the province is like drifting through historical novels. Historical evidence leads you to travel to the past such as National Museum, Suphan Buri, Museum of the Descendants of the Dragon, Don Chedi Monument, Wat Khao Khuen whose abbot played a significant role in Thai history, U Thong National Museum, etc. Furthermore, various natural wonders such as Phu Toei National Park, Bueng Chawak Aquarium, as well as the famous local-style cake Sali Suphan always impress visitors.

Artefacts and archaeological evidence shows that Suphan Buri is history dates back to 3,500-3,800 years ago. Archaeologists found artefacts from the New Stone Age, Bronze Age, and Iron Age. And since then, culture had been inherited in the area.

Suphan Buri occupies a total area of 5,358 square kilometres and is administratively divided into 10 Amphoes; namely, Mueang Suphan Buri, Bang Pla Ma, Si Prachan, Don Chedi, Doem Bang Nang Buat, U Thong, Sam Chuk, Nong Ya Sai, Song Phi Nong, and Dan Chang.

HOW TO GET THERE

By car: Within an hour from Bangkok, Suphan Buri is accessible via many routes; namely,

- 1. Via Amphoe Bang Bua Thong of Nonthaburi province, tourists can drive directly to the province, a distance of 107 kilometres, which is the shortest route.
- 2. Via Amphoe Lat Lum Kaeo of Pathum Thani

province, the route leads to Suphan Buri, a distance of about 115 kilometres.

- 3. Via Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya to Suphan Buri, the route is 132 kilometres long.
- 4. Via Sing Buri province, Suphan Buri is accessible at Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat. The route is 228 kilometres long.
- 5. Via Ang Thong province, the road leads to Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri, a distance of 150 kilometres.
- 6. Via Amphoe Kamphaeng Saen of Nakhon Pathom province, Suphan Buri is 164 kilometres from Bangkok via this route.

By bus:

Scheduled bus and air-conditioned coaches leave the Northern Bus Terminal at Mo Chit II daily for Suphan Buri, call Tel. 0 2936 2852-66 ext. 311 or 442 for more information. Buses to Suphan Buri also leave from the Southern Bus Terminal, on Borommaratchachonnani Rd. It takes about 1 hour and 30 minutes. Check the bus schedule at Tel. 0 2894 6122, Suphan Buri Bus Terminal at Tel. 0 3552 2373 or visit the website www.transport.co.th

By train:

A train leaves Bangkok Railway Station daily for Suphan Buri Railway Station at 4.40 p.m. and reaches the province at 8.20 p.m. On the return trip, the train leaves at 4.40 a.m. and reaches Bangkok at 8.10 a.m. For more details, call the service centre at Tel. 1690, 0 2220 4334 Suphan Buri Railway Station at Tel: 0 3552 2950 or visit the website www.railway.co.th.

Distances from Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri to different Amphoes

Bang Pla Ma 6 kilometres
Dan Chang 87 kilometres

Doem Bang Nang Buat	54	kilometres
Don Chedi	33	kilometres
Nong Ya Sai	60	kilometres
Sam Chuk	43	kilometres
Si Prachan	25	kilometres
Song Phi Nong	38	kilometres
U Thong	36	kilometres

Distances from Suphan Buri to nearby provinces

Ang Thong	52	kilometres
Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya	60	kilometres
Kanchanaburi	91	kilometres
Nonthaburi	83	kilometres
Pathum Thani	80	kilometres



Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park and Banharn-Jamsai Tower

10.00 a.m.-8.30 p.m.

Admission fee adult 10 baht/child 5 baht

Banharn's Performance Building opens daily except Monday as follows:

Tuesday-Friday 1.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m.

(please contact in advance)

Weekend and public holidays

10.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.

Water Park opens daily except Monday as follows:

Tuesday-Friday 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m.

(เฉพาะช่วงปิดเทอม)

Weekend and public holidays

10.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.

Dancing Fountain and Waterfall opens daily as follows:

Friday 5.00 p.m.-7.00 p.m.

Weekend and public holidays

Midday round 12.00 a.m.-2.00 p.m. Evening round 5.00 p.m.-7.00 p.m.

ATTRACTIONS

Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri

Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park and Banharn-Jamsai Tower (สวนเฉลิมภัทรราชินี

และหอคอยบรรหาร-แจ่มใส)

Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park (ส่วน เฉลิมภัทรราชินี)

Located in the downtown area on Nang Phim Road, occupying an area of 17 rais (6.8 acres), the park houses many spots of interest; namely, Banharn-Jamsai Tower, Ex-Prime Minister Banharn's performance building, water park, Thai design garden, pigeon garden, flower garden, child playground, dancing fountain, and an exercise area. The people of Suphan Buri love to spend an easy evening and exercise in this park, watching the tower lighten up at dusk.

Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park opens daily except Monday as follows:

Tuesday-Friday 10.00 a.m.-7.00 p.m.

Weekend and public holidays

Banharn-Jamsai Tower (หอคอยบรรหาร-แจ่มใส)

Located at Chaloem Phattara Rachini Road, this country's first and highest viewpoint tower overlooking Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park allows tourists to enjoy a bird's eye view over the province at a height of 123.25 metres. The tower has four viewpoint decks, including ticketing and souvenirs, snack bar and the park view, souvenirs and downtown viewpoint deck, and the fourth panoramic viewpoint deck is at a height of 78.75 metres. Telescopes are available on the decks. The interior is decorated with murals featuring King Naresuan the Great.

Banharn-Jamsai Tower opens daily except Monday as follows:

Tuesday-Friday 10.00 a.m.-7.00 p.m.

Weekend and public holidays

10.00 a.m.-8.30 p.m.

Admission fee (before 6 p.m.)

adult 30 baht/child 15 baht

Admission fee (after 6 p.m.)

adult 40 baht/child 20 baht

Call for more information at Tel.0 3552 4060 to 4 Fax. 0 3552 1300.

Ta Yai Shrine (ศาลตายาย)

is located on Nang Phim Road near the Chaloem Phatthara Rachini Park and the Banharn - Chaemsai Tower. It has been a sacred place of worship for the people of Suphan Buri for more than a century. The story about the shrine was told by our forebears that Ta (grandfather) and Yai (grandmother) were the forebears of the people of Suphan Buri. They were scrupulous and always helped unhappy people who came to see them with mercy and kindness. The residence of Ta and Yai was called "Thang Si

Phraeng" or a junction which was considered as a forest gate in the past. Everyone from 4 cardinal directions must pass the junction before going either direction. Then, the town was developed into the province of Suphan Buri. The junction has become a common main path for the people of Suphan Buri coming from all directions to pass to the market in town. Therefore, it was renamed "Si Yaek Nang Phim" or the Nang Phim Intersection. After that, the shrine was moved from Si Yaek Nang Phim to the present location. The committee for the restoration of the shrine had a resolution at its meeting to renovate it as a beautiful place of worship. An annual fair is held in celebration of the shrine.

Wat Suwannaphum (Wat Klang or Wat Mai) วัดสุวรรณภูมิ (วัดกลาง หรือวัดใหม่)

Wat Mai means new temple, but the establishment of this temple dates back some 600 years ago to the early Ayutthaya period. In the temple's compound, the Museum of the Supreme Patriarch (Pun Punnasiri Mahathera) displays many special items of antiquity such as Buddha images, clocks, arms, betel box, vases, glasses, crockery as well as a glazed ceramic alms bowl of the Sukhothai period or around the 13th century. This is the only piece of its kind in Thailand.

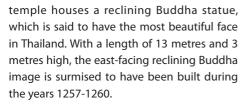
The temple is located on Phra Phanwasa Road in the municipal area. The museum is open daily from 8.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. but prior permission is required. Call Tel. 0 3552 5276, 08 1013 2597 for more information.

Wat Phra Rup (วัดพระรูป)

Located on Khun Chang Road, on the western bank of the Tha Chin River, opposite the Suphan Buri market, this temple dates back over 600 years to the late U Thong period. The ancient



Wat Phra Rup



Another interesting antique is a wooden Buddha footprint. The footprint is 221.5 centimetres long, 74 centimetres wide and 10 centimetres thick. Delicately carved on both sides of Paduak wood, it is the only one of its kind in Thailand. The footprint was formerly housed at Wat Khao Din. During a war between Thailand and Burma, it was saved by a monk who was afraid this precious item would be destroyed. So he brought the footprint down the river and placed it here. Moreover, the temple compound comprises many antiques such as a Pagoda of the UThong period, remains of a pagoda of the Dvaravati period, bronze bell, delicately carved pulpit of the late Ayutthaya style. Wat Phra Rup is also the original place of the famous Phra Khun Phaen amulet.



City Pillar Shrine and Museum of the Descendants of the Dragon

Wat Pratu San (วัดประตูสาร)

This old temple is located on Khun Chang Road, Tambon Rua Yai in the municipality. There is no evidence to prove when the temple was built, but it should have existed before 1836. Beautiful murals in the Phra Ubosot is worth a visit. In 1848, a royal painter painted the delicate murals featuring the life of the Lord Buddha. It is believed that he was the one who also painted at Wat No Phutthangkun. Besides, a series of painting on wood pieces, which seem to copy the murals, are well kept in the temple image hall. For more information, call Tel. 0 3554 3598

City Pillar Shrine and Museum of the Descendants of the Dragon or Heaven Dragon Park (ศาลเจ้าพ่อหลักเมืองและพิพิธภัณฑ์ ลูกหลานพันธุ์มังกรหรืออุทยานมังกรสวรรค์)

The shrine is located on Malai Maen Road, on the western side of the Tha Chin River.

City Pillar Shrine (ศาลเจ้าพ่อหลักเมือง)

Formerly, it was a Thai-style wooden shrine with stone statues of the God Siva and God



Heaven Dragon Park

Visnu, but after renovation, the shrine was rebuilt as an edifice in Chinese style, housing a Mahayana Buddhist bas relief of Bodhisattva Avalokitesvara, otherwise called the fourhanded God Visnu, which is much worshipped by both Thais and Chinese. On the full moon day of the 7th Chinese lunar month, the shrine, by support from Chinese Association, always hosts a huge alms-offering ceremony for the poor. The Mahayana Buddhist tradition always attracts thousands of people. For further details, contact Tel. 0 3552 1690. 0 3552 6211.

Museum of the Descendants of the Dragon or Heaven Dragon Park (พิพิธภัณฑ์ ลูกหลานพันธุ์มังกร หรืออุทยานมังกรสวรรค์)

is situated in the City Pillar Shrine of Suphan Buri. It was founded to mark the 20th Anniversary of Diplomatic Relations between the People's Republic of China and Thailand in 1996, when H.E. Mr. Banharn Silpa-Archa was the 21st Prime Minister of Thailand. The museum was designed to present the history of Chinese civilization which has existed for

5,000 years and has been recognized among the world's most ancient and important ones. With the format of the dragon, a well-known sacred imaginary animal, its inside exhibition rooms display Chinese history from the legendary creation of the world, the periods of Huang Di and Yan Di, the dynasties from Xia, Shang, Zhou, Qin, Han, Three Kingdoms, Sui, Tang, Song, Ming, and Qing, the last dynasty, change in administration rules, and background of the Thai people of Chinese origin, including important historical events, histories of important people, philosophy, wisdom, and inventions by the Chinese forebears, presented through beautiful and modern media. Exhibitions within the body of the dragon use modern media; such as, films, computercontrolled audiovisual materials, light and sound presentation, and models. In addition, there are facilities offering a full range of services; such as, a movie room, luggage room, books for sale room, souvenirs for sale room. and amusement machines for children room. Visitors will gain knowledge and be able to entertain themselves at the same time. The merit maintained by the forebears in their lives and seen throughout the long history are shown so that visitors can take and apply them to their real life. The museum is also viewed as a way to establish a man-made attraction of national importance in Suphan Buri which is now recognized as an example of the provincial development of Thailand. The museum is open daily excepts Tuesdays on Mondays-Fridays from 10.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. (every-hour-round), on Saturdays-Sundays from 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (every 20-minute-round) (Visiting in rounds of 28 persons each). Personal Audio Guide in English and Mandarin is available. Admission is Bt 499 for adults and Bt 299 for children. For



Wat Pa Lelai Worawihan

further details, contact Tel. 0 3552 6211-2.

Ancient Town Walls and Gate (กำแพงเมือง เก่าและประตูเมือง)

The old town of Suphan Buri was located at Tambon Rua Yai on the western bank of the Suphan Buri River (Tha Chin River). Until today, an earth wall and moat remain between Wat Pa Lelai and the City Pillar Shrine. On the western side, double walls were strongly built with a moat outside, then a mound and the wall. The

inner wall is 3,500 metres long on the northsouth direction, and its width stretches for a kilometre to the river. The wall on the eastern side has all disappeared as it was dismantled during the reign of King Maha

Chakkraphat. The Fine Arts Department rebuilt the town gate, on Malai Maen Road, on the location believed to have been the site of an old gate.

Wat Pa Lelai Worawihan (วัดป่าเลไลยก์ วรวิหาร)

Located on Malai Maen Road, Tambon Rua Yai, on the western bank of the Suphan Buri River (Tha Chin River). it is a royal temple as evident from the royal emblem of King Rama IV on the gable of the wihan. While practising austerity during his monkhood, the king found this temple and had it restored after his succession to the throne. It is surmised that this royal temple was built during the days of glory of the town.

The Northern Chronicle says King Katae assigned a young Mon to renovate the temple after the year 1181. A huge Buddha image known as 'Luangpho To' in the elegant image hall or Wihan is the centre of faith for Buddhist people. With a height of 23.46 metres, the Buddha image is seated in the European style in the posture known as Palilayaka, accepting offerings from an elephant and a monkey, the art from U Thong

Suphannaphum period. Experts said the Buddha image must have formerly been in the gesture of giving the first sermon and built outdoors to be seen from a distance as widely found in the pre and early Ayutthaya periods. The huge Buddha image houses 36 relics of the Lord Buddha. The temple holds big celebrations for the Buddha image twice annually during the

7th-9th days of the waxing moon of the 5th and 12th lunar months.

Opposite to the temple's image hall, many shops offer great variety of local souvenirs for tourist's selection. In the backyard of the temple is a showcase of a traditional Thai house known as 'Khum Khun Chang'. It is a large group of traditional Thai houses on stilts made of teak, which was built as described in Thai literature 'Khun Chang-Khun Phaen'. The house exhibits pictures depicting scenes from the literature, as well as old-fashioned equipment, ceramics and furniture.

Industrial Promotion Centre Region 8 (ศูนย์ส่งเสริมอุตสาหกรรมภาคที่ ๘)

Only a kilometre away from Wat Pa Lelai, on Malai Maen Road, opposite Suphan Buri Water Park, tourists can enjoy selecting nice home-made handicrafts and souvenir items at reasonable prices such as leather products, costumes and rattan works. The centre opens on weekdays from 10.00 a.m.-3.00 p.m. Contact Tel. 0 3554 5518 - 9 for more information.

Tha Sadet Bird Park (Tha Sadet Bird Sanctuary) (สวนนกท่าเสด็จ)

The bird sanctuary is in Ban Tha Sadet, Tambon Sa Kaeo, 15 kilometres from downtown along Highway 322 at kilometre 6-7. The sanctuary is located in private fruit orchards whose owners are kind enough to let the birds live undisturbed. For over 40 years, the bird population has risen from a handful amount to thousands. Visitors can see various kinds of birds such as heron, Asian openbill, ibis, and stork. Presently, the area has been developed as an attraction of the province under the management of the Royal Forestry Department. Visitors can witness a large number of birds

from the watch tower, particularly when they blacken the sky at dusk. In every October, the sanctuary will be crowded with migratory birds.

Sa Saksit (Sacred Pond) (สระศักดิ์สิทธิ์)

The ponds are in Tambon Sa Kaeo, between kilometre markers 7-8 of Highway 322, opposite the Tha Sadet Bird Sanctuary, and 13 kilometres from downtown. King Rama V visited these sacred ponds, hence the village nearby was renamed as Ban Tha Sadet, or 'Royal Visit Village'. There were initially four sacred ponds including Sa Kaeo, Sa Kha, Sa Yommana, and Sa Ket. Two more ponds were found later including Sa Amarit 1 and Sa Amarit 2. King Rama V noted that it is unclear how these ponds become sacred, probably by influence of an important guru there. Nobody uses water from these ponds, nor eats fishes there.

Grass covers around and made them habitats for crocodiles. Water from Sa Kha and Sa Yommana is rather brown and murky, but that from Sa Ket and Sa Kaeo is clean and clear. The six ponds here are considered as sacred ponds whose water has been used for royal ceremonies. The Fine Arts Department has registered them all as historical sites, but none has been renovated.

Wat Phra Si Rattana Mahathat (วัดพระศรี รัตนมหาธาตุ)

This ancient temple is located on Somphan Khong Road, 300 metres off Malai Maen Road in Tambon Rua Yai, on the western Bank of the Suphan Buri River (Tha Chin River). The temple, whose history dates back not less than 600 years ago, was once in the heart of the ancient town Suphannaphum. The main stupa once housed relics of the Lord Buddha, but it was raided for treasure and neglected in ruins. The main





Wat Phra Si Rattana Mahathat

Wat Khae

target of the raiders was the famous version of Suphan Buri's votire tablets, which are among the top five sought-after series of votire tablets of Thailand.

The stupa was built from bricks but without mortar. Thus, archaeologists presumed that this stupa is the art from the U Thong Suphannaphum period, the pre-Ayutthaya art.

Wat Khae (วัดแค)

The ancient temple is located in Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri, two kilometres north of Wat Phra Si Rattana Mahathat. Wat Khae, which was mentioned in Thai literature 'Khun Chang-Khun Phaen', houses a huge tamarind tree which is around a thousand years old. The tamarind tree is 9.5 metres in circumference. It is believed that Khun Phaen learnt magic from Master Khong, spelling magic words and transforming tamarind leaves into wasps and hornets to fight the enemy. Nearby the tree is "Khum Khun Phaen", a traditional Thai house built as part of the literature and historical conservation park.

The temple houses special antiques such as Lord Buddha's footprints called "Phra Phutthabat Si Roi". They are four footprints, each laying over the others. The footprints are made from brass, measuring 1.40 metres wide and 2.80 metres long. There is also an image of Buddha seated in the gesture of subduing Mara and wearing a robe with beautiful floral pattern of the Rattanakosin period. Other antiques include a brass bell, brass boiler for boiling robe dye, and a Thai-style bookcase, that King Rama V donated to the temple in 1869.

Wat Phra Loi (วัดพระลอย)

Located by the Tha Chin River in Tambon Rua Yai, not far from Wat Khae, Wat Phra Loi was built to house a Buddha image that drifted along the river. The white sandstone Buddha image seated under the Naga's hood, presumably carved in Lop Buri period, was taken from the water to be enshrined here.

In the temple compound, there is a ruined Ubosot built in the U thong period. Now it is preserved under the roof of the new Ubosot.

Nearby, an elegant Ubosot with four entrances houses beautiful the principal Buddha image called Phra Phutthanawaratmongkhon as well as ancient sandstone Buddha images in various attitudes.

After paying respect to the Buddha images, visitors can enjoy feeding thousands of fish in the sanctuary in front of the temple.

Wat No Phutthangkun or Wat Makham No (วัดหน่อพุทธางกูร หรือวัดมะขามหน่อ)

The calm temple, built in the early Rattanakosin period, is located 2 kilometres north of Wat Phra Loi along Highway 3507 on the west bank of the Tha Chin River. Buddhists flock there for admiring beautiful murals in the old Ubosot. Painted in 1848 during the reign of King Rama III but still remains in excellent condition, the delicate murals feature the story of Lord Buddha's life

Wat Phra Non (วัดพระนอน)

Located in Tambon Phihan Daeng, on the bank of Tha Chin River north of Wat No Phutthangkun, the temple built in the Rattanakosin period, is famed for its large fish sanctuary that occupies some part of the river as well as beautiful shady park which is the main recreational area of the province.

The image hall or Wihan of Wat Phra Non houses a special reclining Buddha image carved from granite about 2 metres long. While most reclining Buddha images lie on one side, the Buddha image here lies supine.

Wat Phrao (วัดพร้าว)

Located in Tambon Pho Phraya, north of Wat Phra Non, next to Pho Phraya Watergate, 9 kilometres from downtown. The temple's Wihan has distinguished architecture in the Burmese



Wat Phra Non

style. The hall houses a Buddha footprint. In the backyard is the library for Buddhist scriptures, which is located in the middle of the pond. Large flock of flying foxes live on the Java plum trees in the backyard of this temple.

National Museum, Suphan Buri (พิพิธภัณฑสถานแห่งชาติ สุพรรณบุรี)

Located on Highway 340 in the compound of the Western Art and Cultural Centre, Suphan Buri, the museum features important historical evidence of Suphan Buri town since ancient times. Exhibitions feature development of the town from the pre-historical, through Dvaravati, Lop Buri, Ayutthaya, and Rattanakosin periods. Multimedia displays the significant battle of the royal duel on elephant back. The museum also displays ethnic groups in the province, important persons, famous votire tablets from different temples, and songs of different famous folk singers.

The National Museum Suphan Buri, opens from Wednesday to Sunday from 9.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. except on Monday, Tuesday, Admission

is 100 baht, For more information, please call Tel. 0 3553 5330.

Tower of Honour, H.E. Mr. Banharn Silpa-Archa the 21st Prime Minister of Thailand (หอเกียรติยศ ฯพณฯ บรรหาร ศิลปอาชา นายกรัฐมนตรี คนที่ ๒๑)

is located on Highway 340 (Suphan Buri - Chai Nat Road) in Tambon Sanam Chai. Donations were made by the people of Suphan Buri for its construction without the use of government budget. The tower was designed by the Fine Arts Department. The two-storey building displays the background of Mr. Banharn from his childhood to his appointment as prime minister. The tower was established as an agency attached to the National Archives of Thailand, Fine Arts Department, with an objective to be a place for historical education of Thai politics, as well as set an example of a good way of living for youth.

The first floor of the building depicts an atmosphere of the shop "Yong Yu Hong" in the Suphan Buri Market in 1944. There are childhood scenes and responsibilities of Mr. Banharn and his family when he was 12 years old. He was a real fighter from Suphan Buri, who helped his elder brother work, do his own business and finally secure his wealth. Also featured are important times in his life before entering politics; such as, ordination and marriage, and his works done to assist and develop Suphan Buri province, political life, and roles in politics.

The second floor of the building displays the royal command to endorse Mr. Banharn as the 21st Prime Minister of Thailand, important performances and policies of the government led by Prime Minister Banharn, and honorary awards conferred to him. The tower is open on





Tower of Honour, H.E. Mr. Banharn Silpa-Archa the 21st Prime Minister of Thailand

Wednesday to Sunday from 9.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m. For further details, contact Tel. 0 3553 5119-21, Fax: 0 3553 5120.

Talat Pho Phraya (ตลาดโพธิ์พระยา)

is located in Tambon Pho Phraya. It is an old market on the bank of the Tha Chin River, which was founded in 1925 after the construction of the Pho Phraya watergate. Orginally, it was a one-storey wooden building where Thais of Chinese origin gathered for trade. This marketplace has thrived since the past because contact to the town at that time was made through the waterway. Talat Pho Phraya was therefore a meeting point for those who wished to travel between Pho Phraya district and the town of Suphan Buri. In 1997, the Pho Phrava traders faced a fire which caused severe damage. The Pho Phraya Sanitary District Office built a fresh market to support the community's expansion. Then, the market was burnt for the second time in 2004 and the traders suffered seriously from the fire. Forty-one original wooden structures and personal property were gutted. The area today has been developed into a two-and-a-half storey commercial complex with eighty-one rooms.

The Western National Theatre of Suphan Buri (โรงละครแห่งชาติภาคตะวันตกจังหวัดสุพรรณบุรี)

Located on Highway 340 in the compound of the Western Art and Cultural Centre, Suphan Buri, the regional theatre is established for promoting and supplying knowledge about local cultural performances, music and classical dances of western provinces. It also serves as a venue for cultural exchanges at an international level. The public can enjoy regular performances by the College of Dramatic Arts in this 850 seated theatre on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Saturday of each month. Admission fees are 40, 60, and 80 baht. For reservations and more information call Tel. 0 3553 5112, 0 3553 5116.

Wat Sanam Chai (วัดสนามชัย)

The temple, with an area of 57 rais (22.8 acres), is located at Mu 5, Tambon Sanam Chai on Highway 340, 2 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang on the eastern bank of the Tha Chin River. The Northern Chronicle says that King Katae assigned his brother to build this temple and to renovate Wat Pa Lelai at the same time. Archaeologists presumed that the temple dates back before the year 1203. There is a big ruined octagonal pagoda surrounded by a wall with small pagodas at four points of the compass.

In 1961, the Fine Arts Department renovated the pagoda and found lots of relics and ashes inside. It is presumed that the pagoda was first built in the Dvaravati UThong period, and then rebuilt in the Ayutthaya period.

Wat Phra That or Wat Phra That Sala Khao (วัดพระธาตุ หรือวัดพระธาตุศาลาขาว)

The temple is located at kilometre 145 of Highway 321, opposite Wat Suan Taeng. Local people call it Wat Phra That Nok because of the stupa which is similar to the one in Wat Phra Si Rattana Mahathat. With a height of 25 metres, the ruined stupa is a bit smaller with a rounder spire. Presumed from archaeological evidence, this temple dates back during 1424-1488 in the reign of Phra Borommatrailokkanat.

Amphoe Don Chedi

Don Chedi Monument (พระบรมราชานุสรณ์ ดอนเจดีย์)

The monument is located in Tambon Don Chedi, on Highway 322, 31 kilometres from downtown. The royal monument of King Naresuan the Great and the pagoda were built to commemorate the victory over the Burmese troops. In January 1592, he defeated Phra Maha Upparacha,



Don Chedi Monument

the Burmese Crown Prince in a royal duel on elephant back; as a result, the Siamese kingdom regained its sovereignty from the occupation of Burma.

The Royal Thai Army renovated the pagoda in 1952, and built a new pagoda over the ancient one. The new pagoda is 66 metres high and 36 metres wide. His Majesty the King presided over the worshipping and opening ceremony on 25 January 1959. Thus, it has become the Royal

Thai Army Day since then. In 2006, the event has been changed to 18th January, a large celebration is held annually around the monument.

About 100 metres from the monument, people also flock to worship the statues of King Naresuan the Great and his elder sister Phra Suphankanlaya in a shrine in the compound.

Bueng Nong Sarai Histrorical Site (โบราณ สถานบึงหนองสาหร่าย)

The natural lake is on Highway 3038, 3 kilometres from the Don Chedi Monument or about 40 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang. The huge lake was involved in the war when King Naresuan defeated the Burmese troops.

With water supply that could feed an army of over 100,000 warriors, elephants and horses as well as the better location over the hill away from the enemy, here was the stronghold of the Siamese Army for months. It is pitiful that the lake, at present covering an area of only 29 rai (11.6 acres), is in poor condition.

Amphoe Bang Pla Ma

Wat Pa Phruek's Fish Sanctuary (อุทยาน มัจฉา วัดป่าพฤกษ์)

The temple is located in Tambon Ban Laem, 17 kilometres from downtown. Motorists can use Highway 340 till kilometres 86 then turn onto Highway 3351 for ten kilometres. Around the temple's waterside is a big school of various fishes such as Nile tilapia, iridescent shark-catfish, and black-eared catfish. A concrete footpath about 100 metres long lining the river allows visitors to enjoy watching or feeding them.

Talat Kao Hong (ตลาดเก้าห้อง)

is located in Mu 2, the Municipality of Tambon Bang Pla Ma, in the middle part of the lower





market on the bank of the Tha Chin River. around 3 km from the town of Bang Pla Ma to the north. This riverside Chinese-Thai style market retains a traditional atmosphere. There are old wooden houses, simple lifestyles, sales of local goods, factories of sweets; such as, "Pia" Chinese pastry, curry puff, "Thuai Fu" fluffy rice flour cake, "Chan Ap" Chinese mixed candy, "Khao Kriap Wao" toasted sticky rice crackers, etc., a printing house, and antique shops. One of the most interesting things in the market is "Ho Du Chon" or a thief-watching tower. It is a brick building of 3 x 3 m wide with an approximate height of a four-storey building. Built in 1934 as a guarding station against thieves who aimed to rob the market, the building has a hole of three-inches in diameter drilled on the wall of each of its floors. The top floor is a deck overlooking the overall view of the market including its land and river routes. For more details, contact Tel. 0 3558 7044, 08 1704 2183. 08 1763 4133 or www.supan.com

To get there: From the town of Suphan Buri, there is a regular bus service on the Suphan Buri - Kao Hong Line available.



Talat Kao Si Prachan Ban Chaokhun

Amphoe Si Prachan

Talat Kao Si Prachan Ban Chaokhun (ตลาด เก่าศรีประจันต์บ้านเจ้าคุณ)

is located on the bank of the Tha Chin River. 20 km from the town of Suphan Buri to the north. This market, which was a wholesale one in the past is around 100 years old, featuring two-storey wooden shophouses. An interesting place within the market is the house of Chaokhun or the Right Venerable Po. O. Payutto who is praised as a good person of Si Prachan, and is a Thai Buddhist monk lauded as a Buddhist poet and compared to the world's first-water diamond. He wrote more than 300 books both in Thai and English. In the past, his house was a shop selling cloth. At present, the house has been preserved and utensils of the past are on display. In addition, a trip to the market will provide visitors an opportunity to pay respect to the Kuan Yin Goddess Shrine, or enjoy a river cruise on a hired boat. For more details, contact 0 3554 8722, or visit the website: www.siprachan.com for further details.

To get there: Take a mini-bus of the Suphan Buri - Si Prachan Line to reach the market.

Thai Water Buffalo Preservation Village (หมู่บ้านอนุรักษ์ควายไทย)

The theme village is located at kilometre 115-116 of Highway 340. Occupying over a 70-rai plot of land, the Buffalo Villages feature the rural lifestyle in the central region such as Thai farmer villages, rice-threshing ground, water buffalo ranch, traditional Thai houses on stilts. Visitors can enjoy exploring various corners, which feature different local wisdom such as Thai medical knowledge, traditional Thai massage, local herbs, and Thai astrology. Visitors can enjoy 30-minute buffalo shows at 11.00 a.m.-11.40 a.m. and 3.00 a.m.-3.30 p.m. on weekdays and 11.00 a.m.-11.30 a.m., 2.30 p.m.-3.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m.-4.30 p.m. on weekends The Buffalo Villages open from 9.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m. The admission for foreigners adults is 150 Baht and foreigners children is 70 Baht. For more information, contact Bangkok office at Tel. 0 2270 0395-7 or Suphan Buri office at Tel. 0 3558 1668, 0 3558 2591-3 Fax: 0 3558 1676



Thai Water Buffalo Preservation Village



Wat Ban Krang

or visit the website www.buffalovillages.com

Wat Ban Krang (วัดบ้านกร่าง)

Located on the bank of Tha Chin River, on kilometre 14-15 of Highway 3038, this temple is famed for sacred votire tablets known as Khun Phaen. It is presumed that, this temple was built after the war between King Naresuan and the Burmese troops. The fish sanctuary in the river in front of the temple is a nice place for local people to relax. At the temple entrance, old-fashioned wooden shophouses reflect the easy lifestyle of the people.

Soilless Culture Centre (สวนพืชไร้ดิน)

is located in Mu 6, Tambon Wang Nam Sap on the Bangkok-Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Road (Highway 340). It covers an area of 200 rai of land where seasonal and temperate vegetables are grown on pieces of sponge with sand, small rocks, and saw dust, or in food solution, instead of soil. These vegetables here are free of pests, weeds, and pesticides against plant diseases, making growers and consumers



Soilless Culture Centre

safe from toxins. This can be considered as an initiative to develop Thai agriculture. There are many interesting things in this soilless culture centre, Thailand's largest and most complete one. The 72-metre-long bed of soilless culture, the world's largest, was in honour of Her Majesty Queen Sirikit's 72nd Birthday Anniversary. A gigantic fish pond teems with varieties of cash fish. Vegetables that are 100% toxin free are fresh from the farm. OTOP products are also available. For more information, contact the



Sam Chuk Old Market by Tha Chin River

Soilless Culture Centre, Bangkok Office at Tel. 0 2435 0400-11, Suphan Buri Office at Tel. 0 3556 1000-1, 08 6399 4545. It is open every day from 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. There is a guided tour.

Amphoe Sam Chuk

Sam Chuk Old Market by Tha Chin River (ตลาดริมน้ำร้อยปีสามชุก)

The market is located on Highway 340, by the Tha Chin River next to Amphoe Sam Chuk District Office. This Chinese community and old-fashioned market with wooden shophouses remain in Thai original style a century ago. Visitors may be surprised to see a photograph shop, which remains taking pictures by a century-old camera, herbal drugstore, or enjoy tasting local sweets, sipping old-fashioned local-style coffee by the river. The three-storey building dedicated to be a museum can draw visitors back to the yesteryears by different photographs featuring the way of life in the last era. In 2009, the Sam Chuk Old Market received an Award of Merit in the 2009 annual UNESCO Asia-Pacific Heritage Awards for Culture

Heritage Conservation. For further details, contact Tel. 0 3550 4498.

Wat Sam Chuk (วัดสามชุก)

is located at 3, Mu 1, Tambon Sam Chuk, on an area of 20 rai. The temple is 34 km north of the Suphan Buri Provincial Administration Office and 600 m off the Suphan Buri - Chai Nat Road. There is no evidence when this temple was built. However, the temple is very old as evidenced by the Lord Buddha's footprint in the Mondop (square building) which was registered as an ancient object by the Fine Arts Department. Also, a sandstone Buddha image of the Ayutthaya period was found in the Mondop. The image has been renovated and presently housed in the Sala Kan Parian (preaching hall) as the principal Buddha image. In the past, two bronze swans were put in front of the Mondop. Now, one swan is in the chanting hall and the other is in a monk's cell serving as a museum. Within the area of the chanting hall, Luangpho Thammachak, a Buddha image of the U-thong period, is housed. This sacred statue has long been worshipped by villagers. For further details, contact Tel. 0 3557 1791.

Wat Lat Sing (วัดลาดสิงห์)

is located in Tambon Ban Sa on the road parallel to the irrigation canal, around 7 km off Highway 3038, and between Amphoe Don Chedi and Amphoe Si Prachan. This ancient temple was initially named 'Wat Ratchasing.' According to hearsay, King Naresuan the Great built the temple after his victory of the elephant-back duel, and his sister, Phra Suphankanlaya, taken hostage in Burma, being executed in revenge for the death of the Burmese viceroy, Phra Maha Upparacha, from King Naresuan the Great's sword. King Naresuan the Great dedicated the

merit from the building of the temple to his late sister. At present, the temple still has a historical trace called 'Luangpho Dam', a laterite Buddha image in the posture of subduing Mara, having a lotus-bud halo and being around 500 years old. Within the temple compound, there are three sibling statues: King Naresuan the Great, King Ekathotsarot, and Phra Suphankanlaya, for the general public to pay respect and show gratitude for their contribution to the country.

Bueng Rahan (บึงระหาร)

The large lake is 38 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang. Restaurants and the rest area around the lake makes it a nice place for relaxing

Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat

Wat Khao Khuen or Wat Khao Nang Buat or Wat Phra Achan Thammachot (วัดเขาขึ้น

หรือวัดเขานางบวช หรือวัดพระอาจารย์ธรรมโชติ)

is around 51 km from the town of Suphan Buri. Take Highway 340 to Km 138-139 and follow an asphalt road up to the temple on Khao Nang Buat, or walk a flight of 249 steps to the mountaintop. Phra Achan Thammachot was a Buddhist monk who played an important role in the fight against the Burmese troops by the villagers of Bang Rachan. He was good in the field of talismans. The Bang Rachan villagers invited him to boost morale and encouragement in their fight against the Burmese soldiers.

The Wihan (image hall) houses the Lord Buddha's footprint. Chedi Hin Phaen, a fairly high pagoda of stone slabs, is seen next to the Wihan. In the new Bot (ordination hall), there is a statue of Achan Thammachot. The beautiful scenery of Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat can be seen from the mountaintop.

Wat Hua Khao (วัดหัวเขา)

is located in Mu 2, Tambon Hua Khao, in the town of Doem Bang Nang Buat, around 60 km from the town of Suphan Buri. Drive through the town of Doem Bang Nang Buat and follow Highway 3350 to Km 2-3. The landmark of the temple is a concrete stair of 212 steps. The temple holds a merit-making ceremony to give alms to Buddhist monks called 'Tak Bat Thewo' every year on the first day after the End of Buddhist Lent or the second waning moon day in the eleventh lunar month. Many people come to attend this merit-making ceremony.

Wat Doem Bang (วัดเดิมบาง)

is around 55 km from the town of Suphan Buri. Among the interesting things is the pulpit built by a Chinese artisan. The construction of this Chinese-Thai mixed artwork was started in 1915 and finished in 1923. It is now kept in the Sala Kan Parian (preaching hall). Furthermore, three valuable items: a pearl-inlaid cover of a Buddhist alms bowl, ceremonial palm-leaf fan, and tiffin carrier, which were given to the temple by King Rama V the Great, have been kept in good condition in the chanting hall. The Mondop (square

building) and a belfry were built in an elaborately beautiful design. The renovated Ubosot (ordination hall) has complete mural paintings.

Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat (บึงฉวาก เฉลิมพระเกียรติ)

This natural freshwater lake covers a huge area of over 2,700 rai (1,080 acres). It is around 64 kilometres from the town of Suphan Buri. Its location is adjoined between Amphoe Hankha of Chai Nat Province and Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat. The lake was declared a wildlife



Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat

sanctuary area in 1983, and by its great variety of flora and fauna, the government registered Bueng Chawak as an important wetland under the Ramsar Convention in 1998. Today, the lake is under management of different departments attached to the Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives such as the Department of Fisheries, Department of Livestock Development, Department of Agriculture Extension, and the Royal Forest Department.

Around the lake is a nice and beautiful setting with shady trees and colourful lotuses, and a large flock of migratory lesser whistling duck in winter, from November to March and depart in April. There is a rest area, facilities, and camping ground for people to enjoy picnicking. As a new tourist destination of Suphan Buri, Bueng Chawak houses many interesting attractions as follows:

Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat Aquarium

is an agency under the Suphan Buri Provincial Administration Organization. Fish species are on display for the general public in three buildings:-

Building I

exhibits more than 50 freshwater and saltwater fish species, both Thai and foreign; such as, Mekong giant catfish, giant carp, smallscale croaker, clown featherback, cobra snakehead, tiger perch, etc.

Building II

has a large aquarium containing over 400 cubic metres and a water tunnel of around 8.5 metres long. Visitors can walk through under the aquarium and enjoy the atmosphere like being close to the marine animals. This is Thailand's first freshwater fish tunnel. Fish feeding is demonstrated by a female diver. In addition, there are another 30 aquariums of freshwater fish and 7 aquariums of beautiful marine fish. A show in the large aquarium is held at weekends and public holidays four times a day during 10.30 a.m. - 4.00 p.m. The admission for adults is 30 Baht and children is 10 Baht.

Building III

displays various marine fish in large and striking aquariums for visitors to admire the beauty

and atmosphere of the underwater world. Be ready to see a spectacular fish tunnel along an escalator of 75 m long, and study marine life, including the home of the king of the sea or shark. The aquarium is open daily during 8.30 a.m.-5.00 p.m. on Monday to Friday, and 8.30 a.m.-6.00 p.m. at weekends. The admission for foreigners adults is 200 Baht and foreigners children is 150 Baht. For more information, contact Tel. 0 3543 0043-4, 0 3543 0033.

Lakeside Stage

provides an opportunity for art and cultural performances by students in Suphan Buri. Folk art performances that are rarely seen will be staged during the festivals.

Freshwater Crocodile Well

is made to mostly resemble a natural one. It is located on an area of approximately 3 rai, having around 60 crocodiles of Thai species roughly 1.5-4 m in size. Visitors will see their natural way of living close up. Crocodile shows are offered at weekends and on traditional holidays at 11.00 a.m., 12.30 p.m., 2.00 p.m. and 3.30 p.m.

The Department of National Park, Wildlife and Flora has operated the Bueng Chawak Wildlife Management Development Centre which was built to honour His Majesty the King on the Auspicious Occasion of the Fiftieth Anniversary (Golden Jubilee) of His Majesty's Accession to the Throne in 1996. The centre has a building where the visitor service centre is located. Inside the building, there is an exhibition on wildlife breeding, bird-watching, geographical features, and history of the Bueng Chawak Lake, a case of a model ecosystem, and a slide and video room. Outside, there is a 25 m- high aviary on an area of around 5 rai. The gigantic cage is decorated

to look like a natural habitat and has more than 45 species of bird. Interesting species include painted stork, lesser whistling-duck, Siamese fireback, and golden pheasant, which is said to be the world's most beautiful pheasant. A small replica of a waterfall is set in the aviary. A path is provided for visitors to be close to the birds in their natural living. Next to the aviary are small and large cages of tigers with a special view of a tiger cub sucking milk from a mother pig's breast, and many other beautiful animals. For further details, contact the Bueng Chawak Wildlife Management Development Centre and the Bueng Chawak Non-hunting Area Office at Tel. 0 3543 0088. The centre is open daily on Monday to Friday from 8.00 a.m.-4.30 p.m. and at weekends from 8.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.

Lion and Tiger Dens

have their interior designed to imitate natural caves and stone slopes. Being raised in the dens are wild animals of the cat family; such as, lion, tiger, clouded leopard, leopard, Indian leopard cat, etc. Many more cages display rarely found wild animals; such as, waterfowl, peacock, pheasant, zebra, camel, ostrich, etc. For more information, contact the Bueng Chawak Nonhunting Area Office and the Bueng Chawak Wildlife Management Development Centre at Tel. 0 3543 0088.

Rabbit Island

is the home of two species of beautiful and lovely rabbit: Jersey Wooly and Angora. Here, there are also chital deer and hog deer. Visitors can enjoy feeding fish; such as, golden fish, carp, albino striped catfish, etc., being raised in a large net.

The OTOP Centre

is a two-storey building next to the large

aviary. Goods and food of Suphan Buri and from neighbouring provinces have been gathered for sale here.

The Community Mill

receives toxin-free rice from local farmers, and can produce 5 kg of milled rice per hour. The Bueng Chawak toxin-free milled rice products generate additional income for the farmers and offer another choice for consumers.

Chaloem Phrakiat Bueng Chawak Local Vegetable for Self-Sufficiency Garden

is under the supervision of the Department of Agricultural Extension. It was built to raise awareness of the general public in the value and conservation of local vegetables. More than 500 species of local vegetables have been gathered from all regions of the country to be grown on an island in the Bueng Chawak Lake. Among them include herbs, perennials, annuals, climbers, and aquatic plants; the interesting species include square-shaped gourd and giant smooth loofah. Furthermore, there is a spring tunnel, a local vegetable garden, an evaporative nursery, soilless culture, a computer-based library for searching information about vegetable species, an exhibition room showing agricultural produce, and an agrotourism centre. The garden is open daily from 8.30 a.m. -6.00 p.m. For further details, contact Tel. 08 1948 9214, 08 9836 1358, 0 3543 0011.

To get there: Follow the Taling Chan-Suphan Buri Road (Highway 340) to Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat. There are two access ways. From the intersection before entering the town of Doem Bang Nang Buat, turn left to cross the bridge over the Tha Chin River. Go straight to the T-junction opposite the irrigational canal and turn right to follow the road parallel to the

irrigation canal. Alternatively, take Highway 340. At Km 147, on the left-hand side, visitors will see the Wat Doem Bang Nang Buat School. Turn left to a lane beside the school to cross the river. Go straight to turn right at the T-junction to follow the road parallel to the irrigation canal. See the bridge over the irrigation canal on the left-hand side. Turn left to cross the bridge and go ahead to reach the Bueng Chawak Lake.

Lao Si-Lao Khrang Weaving Group (กลุ่มทอ ผ้าพื้นเมืองจกลวดลายโบราณลาวซี่-ลาวครั้ง)

Villagers of Ban Thung Kan Lueang, Tambon Pa Sakae, have retained weaving textiles in an antique pattern inherited from their ancestors. The village is the last place in the province that keeps the Lao Si-Lao Khrang textile pattern alive. Until now, the colourful woven textiles of the last century have remained. Visitors can also enjoy the Bai Si Su Khwan welcoming ceremony. On the third day of the waxing moon of the third lunar month, the villagers will hold a welcoming ceremony for rice or Su Khwan Khao, and bring harvested rice into the silo.

Legend of Lao Si - Lao Khrang Ancient Cloth Weaving in the 'Chok' and 'Khit' Patterns.

Lao Si - Lao Khrang are Thai ethnic people who migrated from Vientiane. Some of them have settled in Tambon Pa Sakae, Tambon Bo Kru, and Tambon Nong Krathum, Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat. They have their own language and culture, especially their clothing which is unusual and unique. Their hand-woven cotton cloth is naturally dyed and is sewn by hand to be household items; such as, red-footed tube skirt, loin cloth, ordination head band, pillow, mosquito net, etc.

Legend of Ban Thung Kan Lueang.

According to the elderly, decades ago there

was a large well and a giant tree called Ton Kan Lueang (Nauclea orientalis) in the middle of a field. So the village was named after the tree and had Lao Si-Lao Khrang as its ancestors. The village is presumed to be over 200 years old. At present, a road has been cut through Ban Thung Kan Lueang to Tambon Pa Sakae. Ban Thung Kan Lueang is located in Mu 5. There is an ancient temple called Wat Khwang Weruwan. Most people do rice farming, sugar cane plantation, animal raising, and trading. Second occupations include cloth weaving, dyeing, sewing, indigo planting, etc.

Learning Centre.

An office was established on 15 October, 1998, as a learning centre for the community. It also serves as a venue for study visit, knowledge exchange, ancient cloth revival, public relations, Lao Si-Lao Khrang cultural promotion, and career training for the poor and the elderly.

The Lao Si-Lao Khrang Group of Cloth Weaving in Ancient Patterns invites every visitor to Tambon Pa Sakae to see an antique boat of 100-120 years old, worship the old and sacred Lord Buddha's footprint at Wat Don Makluea. Depart from Wat Don Makluea to see ancient woven cloth of 100-150 years old. Witness the traditional way of weaving which is the only form of ancestors' wisdom left in Suphan Buri, at the Lao Si - Lao Khrang Group of Cloth Weaving in Ancient Patterns. See the "Bai Si Su Khwan" welcoming ceremony held for senior quests and visitors. On the third day of the waxing moon in the third lunar month, there is a rice blessing ritual for bringing paddy rice from the fields to be kept in the barn for sale later.

The contact office is at 25/1 Mu 5 (Ban Thung Kan Lueang), Tambon Pa Sakae, Amphoe Doem



Phu Toei National Park

Bang Nang Buat, Suphan Buri, 72120, under the leadership of Mrs. Somchit Pharueang, Tel. 08 9926 2864.

Wat Khwang Weruwan (วัดขวางเวฬฺวัน)

The temple houses a 400 year-old Buddha image from the Dvaravati period.

Amphoe Dan Chang

Tham Weruwan (ถ้ำเวฬุวัน)

The cave is in the compound of Wat Wang Khan, 14 kilometres away from Amphoe Dan Chang, and one kilometres from the entrance of Phu Toei National Park. Concrete stairs of 61 steps allow visitors to access the cave entrance easily. With electric lighting, tourists can enjoy exploring the cave and witness the beautiful formation of stalactites and stalagmites. The cave houses a Buddha image in the Pa Lelai posture. In the temple compound, district

official have set up a bamboo garden in honour of Their Majesties where over 10 bamboo species are grown.

Krasiao Dam (เขื่อนกระเสียว)

With a length of 4.25 kilometres and height of 32.5 metres, this country's longest earthen dam is built on Krasiao Stream in Tambon Dan Chang. Its reservoir, with a maximum water storage of 240 million cubic metres, is also a major fish-breeding site. From the dam, tourists can enjoy a picturesque view of the vast reservoir stretching to Khao Phu Toei. Papaya Salad or Somtam and roasted chicken shops are available nearby the parking lot. For more information, call Krasiao Dam Office at Tel. 0 3559 5120.

Phu Toei National Park (อุทยานแห่งชาติพูเตย)

The park acquires a total area of 198,422 rai (79,368.8 acres), covering Ong Phra Forest, Khao Phu Rakam Forest, and Khao Huai Phlu Forest

of Amphoe Dan Chang, Suphan Buri Province as well as Tham Khao Wong Forest Park of Amphoe Ban Rai, Uthai Thani Province. The lush forest with a lot of flora and fauna is a major watershed of Suphan Buri and Kanchanaburi. The mountain range of Phu Toei is home of thousands of mountain pines and also the best viewing point.

Attractions in the park can be divided into two groups, according to its units as follows:

Unit 1 (Phu Toei) (หน่วยพิทักษ์อุทยานฯ ที่ ๑)

The unit is located at Ban Pa Khi; Amphoe Dan Chang, on Highway 333, 18 kilometres before arriving at Phu Toei National Park. The unit comprises a camping ground and exhibition about the forest.

Phu Toei National Park Headquarters (ที่ทำการอุทยานแห่งชาติพูเตย)

The headquarters is located at Ban Huai Hin Dam, Tambon Wang Yao, Amphoe Dan Chang, 12 kilometres from Unit 1.

Lauda Shrine (ศาลเลาด้า)

The shrine is located between Unit 1 and the headquarters. It was built to commemorate the 223 passengers of Lauda Air who died in the plane crash on 26 May 1991.

Mountain Pine (ป่าสนสองใบธรรมชาติ)

The mountain pine forest grows up naturally on the mountain range of Phu Toei 12 kilometres from Unit 1. Four-wheel drive vehicles can only go for 10 kilometres and then trek to the rest. The trail cuts through picturesque viewpoints and pine hill. Camping can be done in the pine forest.

Giant Cycad Tree (ต้นปรงยักษ์)

The big cycad trees grow on Phu Toei mountain,



Namtok Taphoen Khi

dotting around the pine mountain forest. At a height of 6-8 metres, each cycad tree is 200-300 years old.

Namtok Taphoen Khi (น้ำตกตะเพินคี่)

The waterfall is 33 kilometres from the headquarters and 51 kilometres from Amphoe Dan Chang. The two-tier waterfall cascades all year round to nourish the forest and Karen village, which has settled there for over 200 years. Lush forests allow naturalists to enjoy

ecotourism and adventure.

Taphoen Khi Karen Village (หมู่บ้านกะเหรี่ยง ตะเพิ่นคึ่)

Located nearby the waterfall, the drug-and-drink-free village is Buddhist. In the full moon period of the 5th lunar month, the village holds a large celebration for three days and three nights to worship Chulamani, the sacred place of worship made from sharpened bamboo at the village's ground.

Tham Nakhi, Tham Mi Noi, Tham Yoi Raya, and Tham Pha Yai (ถ้ำนาคี ถ้ำหมีน้อย ถ้ำย้อย ระย้า ถ้ำผาใหญ่)

These caves are only 2 kilometres away from the headquarters. Visitor can explore the caves with beautiful stalactites and stalagmites. Adventurers can enjoy trekking.

Unit 2 (Phu Krathing) (หน่วยพิทักษ์อุทยานฯ ที่

The unit is located in Ban Wang Hora of Amphoe Dan Chang. Around the unit are:

Lam Taphoen Reservoir (อ่างเก็บน้ำลำตะเพิ่น)

The large reservoir is next to the unit.

Namtok Phu Krathing (น้ำตกพุกระทึง)

The waterfall is 7 kilometres from the unit, quite near to the reservoir.

Travelling to and accommodation at the Phu Toei National Park.

The park is 80 kilometres away from Amphoe Dan Chang, or 160 kilometres from downtown Suphan Buri. Motorists can get there via Highway 333, pass Tham Khao Weruwan and Ban Pa Khi. Unit 1 (Phu Toei) is 3 kilometres from Ban Pa Khi. Then get through tough road conditions, so high efficient four-wheel drives are recommended.

The park's office is 14 kilometres in the direction of Amphoe Ban Rai, Uthai Thani province. You can turn left through Ban Wang Khun and drive for another 14 kilometres, or about 50 kilometres from Amphoe Dan Chang.

The park provides a natural and environmental study centre and camping ground. For more information, call Unit 2 (Phu Krathing) at Tel. 0 3544 6237 or Khao Son Unit at Tel. 08 1934 2240 and e-mail: phutoei_np@hotmail.com

Suphan Buri Dharma Practice Centre (สำนักปฏิบัติธรรมประจำจังหวัดสุพรรณบุรี)

Wat Sai Ngam Thammathararam is a tranquil place for Dharma practice. Each year sees a great number of Buddhist monks, novices, groups of teachers, students, government officers, and people from different organizations in society, coming here for Dharma practice. The practice is guided throughout its course by well experienced masters. Other activities include a study on the ways to practice Dharma, meditation, etc. For further details, contact the temple at Tel. 0 3552 2005, 0 3553 5530, 0 3553 5531.

Amphoe U Thong

U Thong National Museum (พิพิธภัณฑสถาน แห่งชาติ อู่ทอง)

The museum is located on Malai Maen Road, next to U Thong District Office and U Thong Sueksalai School. It exhibits archaeological evidence and art objects from different periods found in Suphan Buri. The first building exhibits the finding of U Thong City in both prehistorical and Dvaravati periods as well as Buddha statues of the Dvaravati style. An exhibition in the second building features ethnic groups and beads found from such periods. Outside is a mock-up house in the

style of the Lao Song ethnic group featuring traditions, clothing, and tools. The museum opens on Wednesday to Sunday, from 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Admission is 150 baht, call Tel. 0 3555 1040, 0 3555 1021 for more information.

Wat Khao Phra Si Sanphetchayaram or Wat Khao Phra (วัดเขาพระศรีสรรเพชญาราม หรือ วัดเขาพระ)

The ancient temple can be accessed from a sub-road about 2 kilometres off Malai Maen Road, in Amphoe U Thong downtown, close to the clock tower. It is presumed that this hilltop temple was founded since the Dvaravati period as a lot of archaeological evidence has been found such as many stone Buddha statues, stone discus holding Visnu, etc. On the hill, a ruin of a pagoda from the Ayutthaya period is found together with the Buddha's footprint carved from stone. The temple celebrates the principal reclining Buddha image twice annually on the fullmoon days of the 12th and 5th lunar months.

Phu Muang Forest Park (วนอุทยานพูม่วง)

The park is located in Mu 5, Tambon Chorakhe Samphan, 40 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang. You can go via Highway 321 and get onto highway 3342 at kilometre 128-129. Drive for another 500 metres, the park entrance will be on the right. Phu Muang Forest Park acquires a total area of 1,725 rai (690 acres), which is covered by mixed and bamboo forests. Its attractions include:

Nature trail (เส้นทางเดินศึกษาธรรมชาติ)

The 1.5-kilometres trail leads you through forests packed with various kinds of trees such as Makha, bamboo, etc.

Ancient elephant kraal (คอกช้างดินสมัยทวารวดี)

The earthen elephant kraals date back to 1,500 years ago. There are a total of three kraals covering an area of 10 rai (4 acres).

Laterite Base of Dvaravati Building (ฐานวิหาร ศิลาแลงสมัยทวารวดี)

The laterite foundation dates back to the Draravati period. It is presumed to have been a venue for royal rituals before catching wild elephants.

Namtok Phu Muang (น้ำตกพุม่วง)

This waterfall was mentioned in the literature Khun Chang-Khun Phaen. With five tiers, it cascades by the elephant kraal and laterite foundation. Lush forest on the mountain range, Khao Phra, has various kinds of tree and stony field where cycads dot around. Permission for staying overnight should be arranged in advance. For further information, please contact Phu Muang Forest Park, Tel. 08 1943 5188.

Wat Khao Di Salak (วัดเขาดีสลัก)

is located in Mu 5, Tambon Don Kha, 8 km from Amphoe U Thong. Among the interesting things in the temple compound is the Lord Buddha's footprint incised in bas-relief on a rectangular red sandstone surrounded by a lotus petal pattern. The toes are at different lengths. Each toe consists of two portions bearing distinctive motifs and featuring the Buddha's characteristic

spiral marks in the first portion. The sole bears a mini wheel of truth having 16 spokes, surrounded by 108 auspicious sculptured icons. This bas-relief footprint is approximately 65.5 cm wide and 141.5 cm long, and dates from the 9th-11th century. To see the footprint, drive to the hilltop for around 2 km. Good views in Amphoe



Wat Khao Di Salak

U Thong can be seen from the hilltop of which the area has been landscaped by the temple. Furthermore, there is a stone hollow containing Buddha images and various ancient objects.

Suphan Buri Agricultural Career Development and Promotion Centre (ศูนย์ ส่งเสริมและพัฒนาอาชีพการเกษตรจังหวัดสุพรรณบุรี (พันธุ์พืชเพาะเลี้ยง))

is located in Tambon Phlapphla Chai. It is aimed to develop plant species and conduct agricultural career training, involving laboratory tissue culture technology, nursery, propagation/breeding, plantation, promotion, and training on relevant knowledge. Among the interesting things are seven computerized greenhouses for producing and protecting cultured plants, as follows:-

Greenhouse I is for small plants from tissue culture which require special care.

Greenhouse II receives the plants from Greenhouse I.

Greenhouse III takes care of the plants from Greenhouse II until they are ready for being planted.

Greenhouse IV receives breeds from Greenhouse VI or plants core species to be propagated.

Greenhouse V is for demonstrations and tests of using or planting cultured plants as an example for users.

Greenhouse VI is for disease-free parentplants. There is an insect disease control system for keeping or preparing parent plants to be cultured or propagated.

Greenhouse for Saplings is for plants grown from seeds or cuttings.

For more information about the greenhouses and their working systems, contact the Agricultural Career Development and Promotion Centre, Tambon Phlapphla Chai, Amphoe U Thong, Suphan Buri 72160, Tel. 0 3543 7704-5.

To get there: From Amphoe U Thong, follow the UThong - Dan Chang route for around 6 km. See the sugar mill, turn left to cross the irrigation canal bridge and then turn right to go along the road parallel to the canal for around 10 km. The centre is on your left-hand side.

Biotechnological Pest Control Centre (ศูนย์ บริหารศัตรูพืชโดยชีวภาพ)

Located near the Agricultural Promotion and Development Centre. The centre educates farmers about agricultural methods to control plant pests by natural resources rather than chemical treatment. Farmers can learn to protect their crops by using insects, herbs, and microorganisms. The centre comprises a nursery for attacking insects, hydroponics plant house, and chemical free demonstration plantation. The centre opens on Mondays-Fridays from 8.30 a.m.-4.30 p.m. For more information, call Tel. 0 3548 1126-7.0 3543 7709.

Affinit Orchids (สวนกล้วยไม้แอฟฟินิท)

Located at Mu 9 Tambon Chorakhe Samphan, the orchid nursery grows orchids of different families for study and sale such as Dendrobium, Cattleya, Vanda. Motorists can reach there via Highway 321 and take Highway 324 for 5 kilometres. Then turn right at kilometres 46-47, continue for another 200 metres. The nursery opens daily from 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. Group visitors please contact in advance at Tel. 0 2974 0886. More information is available in the website www.affinitorchid.com.

Amphoe Song Phi Nong

Wat Phai Rong Wua (วัดไผ่โรงวัว)

The temple is located in Tambon Bang Tathen, 43 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang or 70 kilometres from Bangkok. Motorists can reach the temple via Taling Chan-Suphan Buri Road, and turn left to the temple before Lat Bua Luang T-junction. If you use Highway 3422, the temple is at kilometres 18-19. Founded in 1926, Wat Phai Rong Wua is famed for the 'Phra Phutthakhodom' statue, the country's largest bronze Buddha statue. Around its compound are mock-up important venues of the Lord Buddha; namely, the places of birth, enlightenment, the first sermon, and nirvana, mock-up hell and heaven. Furthermore, there is the world's largest cement Buddha image together with gong and alms bowl in a gigantic size the world's largest bronze multi-spired building know as 'Phra Wihan Roi Yot' and Dharmmacakra or 'Wheel of the Doctrine' as well as other various things in huge size.

Wat Thap Kradan (วัดทับกระดาน)

Located at kilometre 10 of Highway 3351, the temple has a museum dedicated to a famous singer of Thai folk song, Phumphuang Duangchan. She spent her childhood around this temple. So, her belongings, equipment, photographs, and news clipping are displayed in this temple. Her fans always place her portraits at the temple's boat landing after their wishes made here are fulfilled. An annual ceremony to commemorate her passing always attracts lots of people to the temple. At the temple's front gate is a shopping area with many stalls offering dried and fresh agricultural products.



EVENTS & FESTIVALS

Don Chedi Memorial Day (งานอนุสรณ์ ดอนเจดีย์) The annual celebration is held on 18 January of each year. Fair goers can enjoy watching a mock-up war on elephant back, performance on stage, and stalls offering the best from Suphan Buri. The fair always runs for 9 days.

Suphan Buri Good Food and Product Festival (งานมหกรรมอาหารอร่อยและของดีเมือง สุพรรณา) The Municipality of Suphan Buri in cooperation with the Suphan Buri Club of Food Sellers and Suphan Buri Association of Food Stalls, holds the festival annually in February on the western side of Nen Kaeo Road to the south (near the Thetsaban 4 Market) in Tambon Tha Philiang. Many activities include food booths, OTOP product sales, cultural performances from educational institutions, mini-concerts, etc.

Kam Fa Tradition (ประเพณีกำฟ้า) The ancient tradition of the Thai Phuan ethnic group is always held in February. Thai Phuan people will dress up in traditional attire, offering food and sweets to monks and celebrate in a large party at night. This traditional practice remains in Thai Phuan villages in Amphoe U Thong, and Tambon Makham Lom of Amphoe Bang Pla Ma.

Bun Khao Chi Tradition (ประเพณีบุญข้าวจิ๋)
This is a tradition of the ethnic people of Thai
Wiang in Tambon Ban Khong, Tambon Don Kha,
and Tambon Phlapphla Chai, Amphoe UThong.
It is held on the full moon day in the third lunar
month, which falls on Makha Puja Day.

Bun Bang Fai or Rocket Festival (ประเพณี บุญบั๊งไฟ) Thai Phuan and Thai Wiang also enjoy the local rocket festival on the full moon day of the 6th lunar month, worshipping the rain god in the monsoon season. A parade of great fun will be held before the rocket launching at the temple. The tradition remains in many Tambons such as Tambon Ban Khong, Ban Kham, and Don Kha in Amphoe U Thong, and Tambon Wat Bot, and Makham Lom of Amphoe Bang Pla Ma.

Doen Chawet Soem Barami Tradition (ประเพณีเดินเจว็ดเสริมบารมี) is a ceremony held at the Phopu Ton Khae Spirit Shrine and the Mae Ya Nang Spirit Shrine on Thetsaban Road. Soi 10, Mu 10, Tambon Thung Khok, Amphoe Song Phi Nong. It has been observed for more than one hundred years by less than one-year married young couples and the elderly who have an unhappy marriage. Each couple will bring offerings of pork, duck, chicken, liquor, red and white dumplings, and fruit to worship the shrines, and hold a tray of flowers, candles and joss sticks to walk around the shrines for three times. Legend has it that the couples who are descendants of the Phopu Ton Khae Spirit will not be happy or successful in life unless they perform the ceremony. In Thailand, the ceremony is only found here and held every year on the sixth day of the waxing moon in the sixth lunar month.

Thing Krachat (งานเทศกาลทั้งกระจาด) The merit-making festival is held annually around August-September in the municipal area. Thousands of poor people always gather for free food and necessities.

Tak Bat Thewo (ประเพณีตักบาตรเทโว) A large event of merit making is always held to mark the end of Buddhist Lent in October. Buddhists prepare various food and items, particularly the so-called 'Khaotom Luk Yon' or seasoned sticky rice wrapped in coconut leaves to be offered to monks.

Long Boat Race Tradition (ประเพณีแข่งเรือ

(172) Initially, the race was organized at temples during the Kathin and Pha Pa robe-offering merit-making, or an annual temple fair, mostly when there was plenty of water. Most long boats used in the race belonged to temples; such as, Manao Kling Boat of Wat Manao, Si Suphan Boat of Wat U Thong, Lueang Pradap Boat of WatThung Uthumphon, etc. At present, Wat Suan Hong in Amphoe Bang Pla Ma has revived the tradition.

Lao Song Wedding Tradition (ประเพณี แต่งงานของไทยโซ่ง) Lao Song or Thai Song Dam ethnic group always hold a wedding ceremony during the waxing moon periods of the 4th,6th and 12th lunar months. Thai Phuan people in Tambon Suan Taeng, Amphoe Mueang, and Tambon Ban Don, Tambon Don Makluea, and Tambon Nong Daeng of Amphoe U Thong still have such ceremony, as well.

Pak Dong Tradition (ประเพณีปากคง) is a rice ground merit-making ceremony of the Thai Song Dam ethnic group just after collecting new rice grain. There is the pounding of young rice grain, processing unmilled unripe rice grain, and propitiating the spirits of their forebears.

Alms Offering in the River Tradition (ประเพณีทำบุญตักบาตรกลางน้ำ) is held on the twelfth day of the waning moon in the twelfth lunar month in Tambon Ban Laem, Amphoe Bang Pla Ma. This merit-making fair has been observed for a century. Buddhist monks will be invited from temples by the Tha Chin River to go on an alms round by boat to receive offerings from villagers on a raft in the river. Then, there will be a joyful boat race. For more information, contact the Ban Laem Sub-district Administration Organization at Tel. 0 3540

0446-7.

Luangpho To Worship Fair (งานนมัสการหลวง

welm) at Wat Pa Lelai Worawihan. This tradition has been passed down since ancient times. It is held once a year during the fifth to the ninth days of the waxing moon in the twelfth lunar month. In the past, during the period of this month there was a boat song play in which male and female song masters came to join.

Sen Huean Tradition (ประเพณีเสนเฮือน)

belongs to the people who call themselves as Thai Song Dam. This merit-making is held three times a year to propitiate their ancestors.

Wai Phra Khae Tradition (ประเพณีใหว้พระ

(19) is a moon worshipping tradition of the Thai people of Khmer origin in Tambon Ban Pho and Tambon Taling Chan. The ceremony to propitiate and worship the moon is held on the full moon night in the twelfth lunar month in order to predict rain. In the next morning, the villagers will make Khao Lam (sticky rice grilled in a bamboo cylinder) as an offering to Buddhist monks. Nowadays, this tradition is practised at temples; such as, Wat Prachum Chon, Wat Sakun Paksi, Wat Sam Thong, and Wat Suwan Nakhi.

EXAMPLES OF TOUR PROGRAMMES

One-day trip Bangkok-Suphan Buri

Visitors can enjoy an easy day trip in the province. Starting from Banharn-Jamsai Tower, then visit the morning market of Amphoe Si Prachan or explore the old-fashioned wooden market of Amphoe Sam Chuk and admire an ancient gingerbread house of Khun Chamnong China. Just half-an-hour drive away is Bueng Chawak Aquarium of Amphoe Doem

Bang Nang Buat to learn about various kinds of freshwater fish and rare wildlife. Relaxing around the local vegetable plantation, picnic under shady trees by the pond, or getting around by paddle boat are some of the choices. The soiless Cultivation Centre in Amphoe Si Prachan is a nice place to visit and explore the remarkable agricultural technology that grows vegetable by a hydroponics system. Then enjoy buffalo shows in the vast rice paddies of the Buffalo Villages and witness an impressive sunset in front of the traditional Thai house before returning to Bangkok.

Tour the City of Green Fields

A Suphan Buri One-day Tourism Route begins in the morning at the Banharn-Jamsai Tower. See paintings of the Thai literature "Khun Chang Khun Phaen" of which the characters and scenes belong to Suphan Buri. Use binoculars to see the views around the tower; buildings in town, temples, the Suphan Buri River, and verdant rice fields can be seen on a fine day. Proceed to Amphoe Si Prachan. Witness the local lifestyle at the Thai Water Buffalo Preservation Village, join a dowry procession, listen to folk songs, and see an interesting show of country boys and clever cattle. Visitors can try their hand on growing vegetables or buy toxin-free vegetables at the Soilless Culture Centre. There are beds of cut flowers and fruit trees grown with planting materials. Fruits and plants are available for sale here. Then have lunch at the old shophouse market of over 100-years old by the Tha Chin River. See old houses and pharmacies, sample tasty noodles, sip tea or coffee in an old-day atmosphere, and take photos for a souvenir. In the afternoon, visit the Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat Aguarium. Walk under the water tunnel to admire freshwater and rare fish; such as, tiger perch, giant carp, etc., and greet divers showing how to feed the fishes. For vegetable lovers, the local vegetable garden is a must-see.

Cruise the River to See the Communities' Ways of Life

Start from the town of Suphan Buri to Amphoe Bang Pla Ma. Along the way, there are nearly 30 temples among houses. See the river-bound lifestyles of the villagers; an alms round of Buddhist monks, boats with paddlers, fishing with local fishing gear, etc. Admire the woven hyacinth cased pottery vase with Thai-styled paintings at Ban Thammakun. Then, worship the supine Buddha image at Wat Phra Non and make merit by feeding the fish in the fish pond at the temple's pier which is declared as a sanctuary and a preservation place for fish species. Do not miss an old-day atmosphere of the Kao Hong Market where there remain wooden shophouses and some delicious food shops. Another important temple on this route is Wat Suan Hong, a former residence of Luangpho Pluem, a revered Buddhist master who had many followers. The temple also houses a boat museum. It is recommended to cross the river to buy "Sali" - a kind of Thai sweet, and one-day sun-dried fish at the Bang Pla Ma Market.

Follow the Traces of Khun Chang Khun Phaen

This route offers more enjoyment for those who are familiar with the "Khun Chang Khun Phaen" literature. In the morning, visit Wat Pa Lelai to worship Luangpho To, a gilded stucco Buddha statue sitting in the Dvaravati style. Not far from the temple is the house of Khun Chang, a rich merchant, which was made as depicted in the book. See a giant tamarind tree at Wat Khae, which is believed to be the temple where Kaeo

(Khun Phaen at a young age) was ordained as a novice and studied with the abbot here. Kaeo picked some leaves from the tree to turn them into wasps by using magic words. The tree is still alive and hundreds of years old. It is a provincial reserve tree of Suphan Buri. Not far from the tamarind tree is Khum Khun Phaen or the house of Khun Phaen built by the province as a literature park. In the afternoon, visit the Suphan Buri National Museum where stories of local history, archaeology, and culture of Suphan Buri are on display with various media in order to give knowledge and entertainment. The interesting thing for song lovers is a folk song room and a country song room. While travelling, see the road signs in the town of Suphan Buri. They were named after characters in the literature; namely, Khun Chang Road, Khun Phaen Road, Nang Phim Road, Phra Phanwasa Road, Ma Si Mok Road, etc.

Tour Route in the Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat Lake

- 1. Community Mill: Produces 500 kg milled rice per hour.
- 2. Non-hunting Area: Conserves wild animals, birds, rarely found and endangered species of animals.
- 3. Bueng Chawak Resort: Good atmosphere and fresh air. Clean and comfortable accommodation. Visitors are welcome to stay in a tree house and go fishing.
- 4. Tiger and Lion Dens: Tigers and lions from various species are graceful and awesome.
- 5. Photos with Animals: Take a photo with the king of the jungle, as well as tigers, lions, orangutan, and dwarf horse, and feed a lion cub.
- 6. Bueng Chawak Wildlife Management Development Centre and Aviary: See an

- exhibition on wildlife breeding, bird-watching techniques, and history of Bueng Chawak. Visit the aviary of more than 1,000 birds from over 50 species, living together in a natural habitat.
- 7. OTOP Centre: Collect the local products of Suphan Buri and nearby provinces that are for sale.
- 8. Rabbit Island: A hundred lovely and beautiful rabbits live here. Some animals of the deer family; such as, spotted deer and hog deer, are raised at the end of the island. There are fish in a large net beside the island where visitors can go and feed them.
- Rooster Species Centre and Rarely Found Animal Cages: Collect roosters of Thai and exotic species and rarely found animals for study.
- 10. Tiny Electric Motorcycle: Do not miss new fun for children in an impressive style and quality that you have never seen before.
- 11. Local Vegetable for Self-sufficiency Garden: Learn how to grow local vegetables and make agricultural produce in unusual geometric shapes.
- 12. Express Boat Ride: Take a ride on a 40-seat boat to see how vast the lake is, and enjoy nature on the middle of the lake.
- 13. Pedalo: See the beauty of nature around the lake while doing exercise by pedalling a pedalo.
- 14. Bueng Chawak Food Centre: Enjoy a variety of tasty food and select some for souvenirs from Suphan Buri.
- 15. Traditional Thai Massage and First Aid Room: Take a massage course to relieve muscle fatigue with good masseuses. First aid officers are also provided.
- 16. Lakeside Stage: Indigenious performances by students in Suphan Buri and rarely seen

favourite artists are on this standard stage here at weekends.

- 17. Aquarium: See freshwater and marine fish from every corner of the world and admire the beauty of schools of fish in the underwater world tunnel as if you walked underwater.
- 18. Aquarium, Building III: Witness and entertain yourself with marine fish along an escalator and a fish tunnel, as well as a school of sharks up close.
- 19. Freshwater Crocodile Farm: Observe the behaviour of crocodiles in imitative natural surroundings, and see extreme shows of crocodiles and humans.

For a nice journey, please follow these suggestions:

- -Study the destinations before visiting, such as the historical aspect, etc.
- -Study about the proper season to visit the destination such as blooming period or bird migration season.
- -Preserve tourism resources both in natural and cultural attractions.
- -Pay respect to the local life style and traditions.
- -While travelling, safety first is the priority.
- -Strictly follow suggestions of officials.

FACILITIES IN SUPHAN BURI

Accommodations

(The room rates mentioned in this brochure may be changed. Please ask for current information from each hotel when making reservation.)

Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri

Ban Suan Resort Chu Ri Pun Suk (บ้านสวน รีสอร์ทจุรีบันสุข) 16/2 Mu 2 Tambon Rua Yai (Tel: 0 3552 6115-7, 08 1808 8292 Fax: 0 3552 6118 E-mail: punsuk_resort@hotmail.com), 30 rooms: 1,000-3,900 baht

Ban Withi Thai Resort (บ้านวิถีไทย) 29 Mu 6 Tambon Rua Yai (Tel: 08 1880 1244, 08 7042 2566 Fax: 0 3554 5944), 22 rooms: 600 baht, 4 houses: 1,500 baht

Big Inn Hotel (บิ๊กอินน์ โฮเด็ล) 125/6 Mu 8 Chainat-Suphan Buri Road, Tambon Pho Phraya (Tel: 0 3553 5846), 65 rooms: 250-600 baht

Country Hotel (คันทรี่ โฮเด็ล) (Opposite Suphan Buri Transport Office) 207 Mu 3 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road, Tambon Tha Rahat (Tel: 0 3550 2297-9), Fax: 0 3550 2298 www. thecountryresort.com, 85 rooms: 500-650 baht

Dirak (คีรักษ์) 2 Nen Kaeo Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 1513), 50 rooms: 230-400 baht

Green View (กรีนวิว) 91/1 Mu 1 Malaiman Road, Tambon Don Kam Yan (Tel: 0 3541 3361), 40 rooms: 160-500 baht

Hotel 99 (โรงแรม 99) 189 Soi 2 Prachathipatai Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 2094), 30 rooms: 250-450 baht

K.A.T (เค.เอ.ที่) 27 Phra Phanwasa Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 1639, 0 3552 1619, Fax: 0 3552 1927), 57 rooms: 260-320 baht

Khum Suphan (คุ้มสุพรรณ) 28/2 Muen Han Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 2273, 08 1832 2666 Fax: 0 3552 3553), 180 rooms: 1,000-3,000 baht

King Pho Sai (กิ๋งโพธิ์ไทร) 72 Nen Kaeo Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 1216, 0 3552 1259), 78 rooms: 200-300 baht

Lert Thanee Hotel (โรงแรมเลิศธานี) 285/31 Mu 5 Tambon Ta Ra Hat (Tel: 0 3552 5755-7, Fax: 0 3552 5757 www.lertthanee.com), 75 rooms: 500-1,200 baht

Mai Eak Resort (ไม้เอกรีสอร์ท) 400 Mu 1 Malaiman Road, Tambon Don Kamyan (Tel: 0 3541 3556, 0 3541 3144 Fax: 0 3541 3144), 44 rooms: 500-1,200 baht

Mind Hotel (โรงแรมมายด์) 195 Nen Kaeo Road, Tambon Tha Ra Hat (Tel: 0 3552 3588-9, Fax 0 3552 3589), 50 rooms: 250-550 baht

Phaithun (ไพทูรย์) 327-8 Prachathipatai Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 2094), 28 rooms: 250-450 baht

Phatchara (พህና) 1 Nang Soi Fa Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 1007, 0 3552 1637 Fax: 0 3551 1860), 46 rooms: 150-450 baht

Songphanburi (สองพันบุติ) 135/1 Prachathipatai Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 2555-7, 0 3554 6667-71, Fax: 0 3552 2097 www.song phanburihotel.com), 200 rooms: 800-2,300 baht (cover charge)

Sport Hotel Suphan Buri (กีฬาสุพรรณบุรี) (Near Wat Pa Lelai, Opposite Khlong Song Nam) Malaiman Road, Tambon Rua Yai (Tel: 0 3555 5112-3), 85 rooms: 550-700 baht

Si Suphan (ศรีสุพรรณ) 31-33 Khun Krai Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3551 1122), 30 rooms: 200-400 baht

Si U-Thong Grand Hotel (ศรีอู่ทอง แกรนด์) 19 Nang Phim Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3550 1290-3, Fax: 0 3550 1110 www.sriuthonggrandhotel.com), 96 rooms: 1,200-2,200 baht

Si U-Thong Hotel& Mansion (ศรีอู่ทองโฮเต็ล แอนด์ แมนขั้น) 113 Nang Phim Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3552 1668, 0 3550 1191-4, Fax: 0 3552 1748), 60 rooms: 220-500 baht **Si Mueang** (โรงแรมศ์รีเมือง) 331-6 Phra Phanwasa Road (Tel: 0 3552 2036), 20 rooms: 90-180 baht

Sulak (สุลักษณ์ 577-8 Phlai Phet Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang (Tel: 0 3551 1576), 17 rooms: 120-200 baht

Valentine (วาเลนไทน์) 195 Nen Kaeo Road, Tambon Tha Rahat (Tel: 0 3552 1836, 0 3552 1841), 50 rooms: 180-400 baht

Amphoe Don Chedi

Country Resort (คันทรี รีสอร์ท) 779 Suphan Buri-Don Chedi Road, Tambon Don Chedi (Tel: 0 3559 2321, Fax: 0 3559 1047 www.country resort.com), 20 rooms: 450-500 baht

Amphoe Bang Pla Ma

Sali View Resort (สาลีวิว รีสอร์ท) 83 Mu 1, Taling Chan-Suphan Buri Road at Km.73, Tambon Sali (Tel: 0 3567 1274-5, Fax 0 3567 1275), 15 houses: 500-800 baht

Amphoe Siprachan

Ban Ruean Thai Resort (บ้านเรือนไทยรีสอร์ท) 222/2 Mu 2 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Wang Nam Sup (Tel: 0 3558 2891-3, 08 6345 9815 www.baanthairesort.com), 16 houses/ 4 Bali Houses: 950-1,750 baht

Ban Sai Thong Resort (บ้านทรายทอง รีสอร์ท)

(Near Mu Ban Anurak Khwai Thai Village) 238 Mu 2 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Plai Na (Tel: 08 6113 8614, 08 4884 1654, 0 3558 1865-6 www.baansai-thongresort.com) 21 rooms: 600-1,100 baht, 17 rafts: 600-850 baht

Mai Ngam (ไม้งาม รีสอร์ท) 88 Mu 2 Tambon Wang Yang (Tel: 0 3558 1777 www.mai-ngamresort.com), 30 rooms: 550-650 baht, 6 bungalows: 650 baht Mai Ngam Resort Riverside (ไม้งาม รีสอร์ท ริเวอร์ไซด์) 112/2 Mu 2 Pho Phraya-Si Prachan Road, Tambon Mod Dang (Tel: 0 3553 5747, 0 3553 5155, 08 1705 3521, 08 9772 4343, Fax: 0 3553 5352 www.mai-ngam-resort.com), 47 rooms: 600-1500 baht

Wang Yang River Park Resort (วังยาง วิเวอร์ พาร์ค วีสอร์ท) 28/1 Mu 6 at Km.105-106 on Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Wang Yang (Tel: 0 3554 8869-71, Fax: 0 3554 8872 www. wangyangresort.com), 22 rooms: 1,000- 1,200 baht, 5 bungalows: 1,600-3,200 baht, 1 raft: 2,500 baht

Amphoe Sam Chuk

Ban Suan Resort (บ้านสวนรีสอร์ท) 193 Mu 9 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Yan Yao (Tel: 0 3554 4143, 08 1012 1253), 7 houses: 900-3,000 baht

Sam Chuk Resort (สามชุก รีสอร์ท) 131 Mu 1 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road , Tambon Sam Chuk (Tel: 0 3554 4235, 0 3550 4210, Fax: 0 3550 4752 www.samchukresort.9nha.com), 25 rooms: 200-700 baht

That Sa Ni Guest House (เกลต์เฮาล์ทัศนีย์) (500 meters from Sam Chuck intersection to Sam Chuck District Office direction) 799 Mu 2 Tambon Sam Chuk (Tel: 0 3557 1139), 20 rooms: 200-750 baht

Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat

Bueng Chawak Resort (นึ่งฉวาก วีสอร์ท)
Tambon Doem Bang Nang Buat (Tel: 0 3543
0098-100), 14 houses on trees: 1,300-3,200
baht, 12 row houses 800-1,000 baht, 1 Thai style
house: 8,000 baht

Dam Rong Kiat Hotel (โรงแรมดำรงเกียรติ) 120 Mu 5 Tambon Khao Phra (Tel: 0 3557 8146), 16 rooms: 250-400 baht

Rueanrak Samunphai (เรือนรักษ์ สมุนไพร) 3/5 Mu 6 Tambon Nang Buat (Tel: 0 3551 5366, 0 3551 5943-4), 7 rooms: 1,200 baht

Siam Suphan Home stay (สยามสุพรรณ โฮมสเตย์) 3/5 Mu 6 Tambon Nang Buat (Tel: 0 3551 5943, Fax: 0 3551 5944 www.siam suphan-homestay.com), 7 rooms Thai style house: 1,400 baht

Amphoe Dan Chang

A P Hotel 149 (โรงแรมเอ พี) 149 Mu 1 Tambon Dan Chang (Tel: 0 3559 5027, 0 3559 5488, Fax: 0 3559 5027), 41 rooms: 300-380 baht

Chai Ya Phruek Guesthouse (ขัยพฤกษ์ เกสต์เฮาส์) 19/4 Mu 1 U-thong-Dan Chang Road, Tambom Dan Chang (Tel: 0 3559 5088), 10 rooms: 400 baht

Chat Kaeo Hotel (โรงแรมฉัตรแก้ว) 994/1 Mu 19 Dan Chang-Doem Bang Nang Buat Road, Tambon Nong Makha Mong (Tel: 0 3550 9490 Fax: 0 3559 5462), 30 rooms: 400-800 baht

Dan Chang Camping House (ด่านข้างแค้มปิง เฮาส์) (Opposite Kaset College and Suphan Technology) 296/1 Mu 1 Ban Dan Chang Village, Tambon Dan Chang (Tel: 0 3559 5647, 08 1736 6311,0817366322, Fax: 0 3559 5198), 10 rooms: 500 baht, 3 houses: 600-1,200 baht

Farm Stay Baan Suan Rim Khao (ฟาร์มสเตย์ บ้านสานริมเขา) 163 Mu 3 Tambon Huai Khamin (Tel. 08 9500 4105 www.baansuanrimkhao. com), 8 rooms: 300-3,000 baht

Ing Doi Hotel (โรงแรมอิงคอย) 942/16 Mu 5 Tambon Nong Ma Ka Mong (Tel: 0 3559 5016), 13 rooms: 500-700 baht

Phae Chao Khuean (แพชาวเชื่อน) 152/4 Rim

Khuean Krasiao Road, Tambon Dan Chang (Tel: 08 7112 4675), 300-600 baht

Si Su Phan Villa (โรงแรมศ์รีสุพรรณ วิลล่า) 933/4 Mu 18, Tambon Nong Makha Mong, 50 rooms: 240-600 baht

Suphan Buri Research and Testing Station (สถานีวิจัยทดสอบพันธุ์สัตว์สุพรรณบุรี) (Close to Phu Toei National Park) Mu 9 Tambon Wang Yao (Tel: 0 3544 6216, 08 9089 0330 www. dld.go.th/lssp_spr/), 18 rooms: 200-400 baht

Amphoe U-thong

Fon Fa Mansion (ฝนฟ้าแมนชั่น) 1111/2 Mu 6 Thao U-thong Road, Tambon U-thong (Tel: 08 1736 5754, 08 6393 5353, 08 1736 5754, 0 3555 1864, Fax: 0 3555 1864, htttp://rainyworlds. hong-pak.com), 9 rooms: 500 baht

Sa Plai Suan Resort (สระปลายสวนรีสอร์ท) 199 Mu 4 Malaiman Road Soi 7/1, Tambon Sa Yai Som (Tel: 0 3555 9838-9, 08 1840 6480), 11 houses: 1,500-1,900 baht

Siam (สยาม) 1603 Mu 6 Soi Suk Sala, U-thong Road, Tambon U-Thong (Tel: 0 3555 1570), 48 rooms: 230-400 baht

Thung Din Dam Resort (ทุ่งดินดำ รีสอร์ท) 199/2 Mu 4 U-thong Lao Khwan Road, Tambon Ban Khong (Tel: 0 3559 5792), 30 rooms: 500-800 baht, 4 houses: 1,500-1,700 baht

U-Thong Thani (อู่ทองธานี) 19/2 Mu 6 Thao U-thong Road, Tambon U-thong (Tel: 0 3555 1840), 32 rooms: 200-300 baht

27 Resort (๒๓ รีสอร์ท) (2 kilometres from Wat Kao Di Salak) 49 Mu 11 Tambon Phlapphla Chai (Tel: 0 3548 1319-20, Fax: 0 3548 1320, www.27golf-resort.com), 59 rooms: 900-1,700 baht, (2-floor dormitory 30-35 persons): 5,000 baht per floor

Amphoe Song Pi Nong

L.P Hotel (แอลพี โฮเด็ล) 229 Malaiman Road, Tambon Song Pi Nong (Tel: 0 3554 2730), 48 rooms: 200-500 baht

Homestays

Homestay Ruean Thai Bang Maemai (โฮม สเตย์เรือนไทยบางแม่หม้าย) Bang Yai Sub-district Administration Organization, Tambon Bang Yai, Amphoe Bang Pla Ma. Contact Khru Songphon Thapthimthong at Tel: 08 1309 2075, 0 3543 6370, 10 houses: 150 Baht/person night and 80 Baht/person/meal. There are various activities: worship Luangpho Wat An, a sacred Buddha image, see the 100-year-old broomstick, take an 'Itaen'ride to see rice fields, take a boat tour and observe the ways of life along the canal, witness demonstration fields based on the sufficiency economy, enjoy tasty Thai food and desserts, see local performances, etc.

Ban Kham Homestay (บ้านขามโฮมสเตย์) is located in Mu 2, Ban Kham, Tambon Phlapphla Chai, Amphoe U Thong. Contact Achan Phusit Chaobutdi at Tel: 08 6171 75750, Khun Ekkawit Tel: 0 3542 1066. 12 houses: 150 Baht/person/night and 50 Baht/person/meal. Activities include seeing simple lifestyles, OTOP products, etc.

Restaurants

Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri

Aem-Ot (เอมโอช) 35 Khu Mueang Tai Road, Tambon Rua Yai Tel: 0 3554 3352, 08 1378 4494 (Thai Food, open 11.00 a.m.-12.00 p.m.)

Bai Ngen (ใบเงิน) (Nasa Mall Parking) 74/39-40 Nen Kaeo Road, Tambon Tha Phi Liang Tel: 0 3550 0599-600 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.-9.30 p.m., closed on the 20 of

the month)

Ban Ruean Thai (บ้านเรื่อนไทย) 21 Nang Thep Thong Road, Tambon Tha Phi Liang Tel: 0 3552 1582, 0 3554 6644 (Thai food, Chinese food, open 11.00 a.m.-11 p.m.)

Ban To Mai (สวนอาหารบ้านตอไม้) 88/2 Mu 2 Som Phan Khong Road, Tambon Rua Yai Tel: 08 1658 6996, 08 1753 2232 (open 11.00 a.m.-11.00 p.m.)

Bua Ngen (ນັກເຈີນ) 359/2 Phai Khwang –Lat Tan, Tambon Tha Rahat Tel: 0 3552 3816 (Thai food, open 10.30 a.m.-9.30 p.m.)

Kha Nap Nam (ขนาบน้ำ) 124/1 Mu 2, Tambon Phai Khwang Tel: 0 3541 2580, 08 9206 2077 (Thai Food)

Khao Tom Nong Pu (ข้าวด้มน้องปู) 28 Muen Han Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang Tel: 0 3550 2971, 0 3551 1203 (Chinese Food, open 5.00 p.m.-2.00 a.m.)

Khrua Naruemon (ครัวนฤมล) (In Aekkachai Sali Suphan building) 222/4 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road, Tambon Tha Rahat Tel: 0 3552 5152 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Khrua S.M (ครัวเอส. เอ็ม) (Near Khun Phan: Souvenir of province) 168 Mu 4 Suphan Buri-Tha Rahat Road, Tambon Tha Rahat Tel: 0 3550 2932, (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Khum Suphan (คุ้มสุพรรณ) 28/2 Muen Han Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang Tel: 0 3552 2273, 08 1832 2666 Fax: 0 3552 3553 ((Thai Food, Chinese Food, open: 6.00 a.m.-01.00 p.m.)

Khun Krai Night Food (ขุนไกรในท์ฟู๊ด) In Talat Torung such as Noodle, Lat Na, Ice-Cream, open 4.00 p.m.-12.00 p.m.)

Kuai Chap Nong Tan (ก๋วยจั๊บน้องแตน) 185 Mu

5 Som Phan Road, Tambon Phi Han Daeng Tel: 0 3552 2680, 08 1941 3349(Noodles, a la carte)

Kuk O-Cha (กุ๊กโอชา) (Phai Kwang Bridge) 30/1 Mu 2 Phai Khwang-Lat Tan Road, Tambon Phai Kwang Tel: 0 3541 2387, 08 1856 6048 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.-10.30 p.m.)

Bua Ngoen (ນ້າເຈີນ) 359/2 Phai Kwang-Lat Tan Road, Tambon Tha Rahat Tel: 0 3552 3816, (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Nopparatana Restaurant (นพรัตน์ภัตตาคาร) (Opposite Wat Pa Lelai) 338/2 Malaiman Road, Tambon Rua Yai Tel: 0 3555 5842, 08 1587 6154, Fax: 0 3555 5842, www.nopparatana. com (Thai Food, Chinese Food, Seafood, open 10.30 a.m.-9 p.m.)

Phai Khwang (สวนอาหารไผ่ขวาง) 167 Mu 2 Phai Kwang-Pa Mok Road, Tambon Phai Kwang Tel: 0 3552 3014-5, 08 1736 6084 (Thai Food, Seafood, open 10.00 a.m.-10 p.m.)

Phatchara (W19) (In Phatchara Hotel) Nang Soi Fa Road, Tambon Tha Phi Liang Tel: 0 3552 3773, 0 3552 1007 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 7.00 a.m.-9.30 p.m.)

Phlai Kaew (ห้องอาหารพลายแก้ว) (Song Phan Buri Hotel) 135/1 Prachathipatai Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang, Tel: 0 3552 2555-7, 0 3554 6667 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, European Food, open 6.30 a.m.-12.00 p.m.)

Rabiang Mai (ระเบียงไม้) (Next to Lert Thanee Hotel) 285/31 Mu 5, Tambon Tha Rahat Tel: 0 35525755-6, Fax: 0 35525757 (Thai Food, open 6.30 a.m.-11.00 p.m.)

Ruean Phae Khrua Suphan (เรือนแพครัว สุพรรณ) 99 Mu 3 Pho Phraya-Suphan Road, Tambon Sanam Chai Tel: 0 3552 4209, 0 3552 3057 Fax: 0 3552 3057, 0 3552 4209 (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.-11.30 p.m.)

Surachai Pla Phao (สุรขัยปลาเผา) 303/1 Mu 5, Tambon Don Pho Thong Tel: 08 1763 6102, 08 1942 4654 (Thai Food, open 11.00 a.m.-8.00 p.m.)

Tha Chin (ท่าจีน) 32 Nang Phim Road, Tambon Tha Pi Liang Tel: 08 7408 2112, 0 3552 5538 (Thai Food, open 4.00 p.m.-1.00 a.m.)

The Story (เดอะสตอรี) (A-cha Si Mok Intersection) 108 Phan Son Yo Tha Road, Tambon Rua Yai Tel: 0 3543 1134, 0 3543 1234, 08 1371 0718 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 5.00 p.m.-1.00 a.m.)

Amphoe Don Chedi

Kon Chawan (กรชวัล) Mu 5 Don Chedi-Suphan Buri Road Tambon Don Chedi Tel: 0 3550 7088 (Thai Food, Seafood, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Phen Chan (เพ็ญจันทร์) 1277 Mu 5 Don Chedi-Si Prachan Road at Km.2, Tambon Don Chedi Tel: 0 3559 1386, (Thai Food, Seafood, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Bang Pla Ma

Kuaitiao Nai Huat (ก๋ายเดี๋ยานายฮาด) (beside Wat Suan Hong) 2 Mu 8 Tambon Bang Plama Tel: 0 3540 0516 (Chicken and Pork Noodle, open 8.30 a.m.-4.30 p.m.)

Kuaitiao Nai Tao (ก๋วยเคี๋ยวนายเท้า) 88/1 Bang Bua Thong-Suphan Buri Road at Km.82-83, Tambon Takka Tel: 0 3558 6091 (Noodle Chicken/ Pork, open 7.30 a.m.-4.30 p.m.)

Kui Mong (กุ่ยหมง) (Near Amphoe Bang Pla Ma Office) 328 Mu 5 Tambon Khok Khram Tel: 0 3558 7256, 08 9515 1302 (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m.)

Lim Hai Choi (ລິ້ນໃช้ຈັ້າະ) 148/2 Talat Kao Hong, Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road Tel: 0 3558 7119, 08 1941 6679

Mae Buai (ພນ່ກ້າຍ) (Opposite Aomsin Bank) 279 Mu 5 Tambon Khok Khram Tel: 0 3558 6416, 0 3558 7077 (Thai Food, Seafood, Monday-Friday 11.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m., Saturday-Sunday 11.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Rim Khlong House (วิมคลองเฮาส์) 29/1 Mu 2 Makham Lom Kao Hong Road, Tambon Bang Pla Ma Tel: 0 3558 7141, 08 9172 6820, 0 3558 7672 (Seafood, open 10.00 a.m.-9.00 p.m., email: bangplama@hotmail.com)

Sali View (สาลีวิว) 83/1 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road Km.74 Tambon Sali (Thai Food, Seafood, open 9.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Si Prachan

Ban Sai Thong Resort (บ้านทรายทอง รีสอร์ท) 238 Mu 2, Suphan Buri-Chai Nat (Near Mu Ban Anurak Khwai Thai Village) Tambon Plai Na Tel: 08 6113 8614, 0 3558 1865-6 www.baansaithongresort.com (Thai Food, Chinese Food, open 10.00 a.m.–9.00 p.m.)

Benjarong (เบญจรงค์) 79 Mu 2 Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Road (Highway no.340) Tambon Wang Nam Sap Tel: 0 3554 8992, 08 1596 8245 www. suphanbenjarong.com (Thai Food, open 9.00 a.m.–10.00 p.m.)

Pa Laeo (ป้านหล้า) 115 (Opposite to Si Prachan Hospital) Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Road (Highway no.340 at Km. 114-115) Tel. 0 3558 1308 (Duck Noodles, open 7.00 a.m.–4.30 p.m.)

Ra Biang Nam (ระเบียงน้ำ) (In Mau-ngam Riverside Resort) Tambon Mod Daeng Tel.

0 3553 5747, 08 6605 9940, 08 9667 5954, 08 7900 4755, www.mai_ngam_resort.com (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.–11.00 p.m.)

Ruean Phae Pa Soi (เรือนแพป้าสร้อย) (In front of Si Prachan Provincial office) 179 Mu 3 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Si Prachan Tel: 0 3558 1113 (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.-8.30 p.m.)

Thongprasi (ทองประศรี) (In Wang Yang Riverpark Resort hotel) 28/1 Mu 6 Tambon Wang Yang Tel: 0 3554 8869-71 Fax: 0 3554 8872 (Thai Food, Seafood, open 6.30 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Sam Chuk

Dam (ຄຳ) (Talat Sam Chuk crossroads) 941 Mu 2 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Sam Chuk Tel: 0 3557 1768, 0 3550 4576, 08 6544 3941 (Thai Food, open 4.00 p.m.-12.00 p.m.)

Kung Pen (Opposite Sam Chuk police station) 39 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Sam Chuk Tel: 0 3550 4273 Fax: 0 3550 4384 (Thai Food, Seafood, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat

Blue Lemon (บลูเลมอน) Opposite Bueng Chawak Zoo

Chinda 2 (จินคา ๒) 271 Mu 2 Suphan Buri-Chainat Road, Tambon Khao Phra Tel: 0 3551 6005-6, (Thai Food, Chinese Food, Seafood, open 9.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

The Shops of Doem Bang Nang Buat Subdistrict Administration Organization (ร้าน ค้าขุมขน อบต. เดิมบาง) In Front of Bueng Chawak Zoo, Tambon Doem Bang Tel: 0 3551 5431 (open 8.30 a.m.-4.30 p.m.)

Khrua Ta-Yom (ครัวตายม) (Bueng Chawak Chaloemphrakiat) 16/2 Mu 3 Tambon Doem Bang, (Thai Food)

Lai Mai (ลายไม้) 10 Mu 9 Tambon Doem Bang Tel: 08 1795 2282 (Thai Food, open 11.00 a.m.-9.00 p.m.)

Rueanrak (เรือนรักษ์) 3/5 Mu 6 Tambon Nang Buat Tel: 0 3551 5943-4

Amphoe Dan Chang

Dan Chang Camping House (ด่านข้างแค้มปิ้ง เฮาส์) (Opposite to Suphanburi Agricultural and Technology College) 296/1 Mu 1 Tambon Dan Chang Tel: 0 3559 5647, 08 1736 6311, 08 1736 6322 (Thai Food, open 9.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Phae Chao Khean (แพชาวเชื่อน) 152/3 Rim Khuean Krasiao Road, Tambon Dan Chang, Tel: 08 7112 4675, 08 1298 7783 (Seafood, open 8.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Phae Kasiao (แพกระเลียว) Near Ang Kep Nam Kasiao, Tambon Dan Chang Tel: 08 2570 6082

Pla Bu Phochana 1 (ปลาปูโกชนา ๑)724/1 Soi 4 in Front of Banhan School 3 Road, Tambon Nong Makha Mong (In Front of Siam Commercial Bank) Tel: 0 3559 5231 (Seafood, open 7.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Pla Bu Phochana Branch 2 (ปลาปูโภชนา ๒) 913/3-4 Mu 18 U Thong-Ban Rai Road, Tambon Nong Makha Mong Tel: 0 3559 5451 (Thai Food, open 9.00 a.m.-9.00 p.m.)

Ruean Kha Luang (เรือนข้าหลวง) (โครงการ ชลประทานกระเลียว) Tambon Nong Makha Mong Tel: 08 3109 2966, 08 5193 0940 www.khaluang. net (Thai Food, open 10.30 a.m.-11.00 p.m.)

Amphoe U Thong

Ban Kuai Tiao Mu Phu-yai Li (บ้านก๋วยเตี๋ยวหมู ผู้ใหญ่ลี) 88 Mu 10 Kanchanaburi-U Thong Road, Tambon Chorake Sam Phan Tel: 08 1195 0808, (open 8.00 a.m.-3.00 p.m.)

Ban Rim Nam U Thong-Suphan (บ้านริมน้ำ อู่ทอง-สุพรรณ) 1297 Mu 6 Wat Khao Phra Road, Tambon U Thong (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Khrua 27 (ຄ້າ ໂທດ) 49 Mu 11 Tambon Phlapphla Chai Tel: 0 3548 1319–20 (Thai Food, open 6.00 a.m.-8 p.m.)

Khrua Kasem (ครัวเกษมไก้ไทย) 116 Mu 3 Tambon Nong Ong Tel: 0 3550 5220 (Thai Food, open 900-21.00)

Kuaitiao Ko Deng (ก๋วยเตี๋ยวโกเด้ง) 1308 U Thong-Dan Chang Road, Tambon U Thong

Suan A-han Ko Thai Doem Phatthana (สวนอาหาร ก ไทยเดิมพัฒนา) 254 Mu 1 UThong-Sa Khrachom Road, Tambon Don Kha Tel: 0 3542 1467, 08 1757 7786, (Thai Food, open 10.00 a.m.-9 p.m.)

Amphoe Song Pi Nong

Ban Don (บ้านคอน) 54 Pho-On-Wai So Road, Tambon Song Pi Nong Tel: 0 3553 1888, 08 1880 0664 (Thai Food, open 9.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

Song Phi Nong (สองพี่น้อง) 57 Rat U Thit Road, Song Phi Nong Municipality Tel: 0 3553 1317 (Native Food, open 10.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m. closed on 16th of the month)

LOCAL PRODUCTS AND SOUVENIRS

Famous products from Suphan Buri include bamboo and rattan basketry. Suphan Buri artisans show their talents by putting patterns of bullet wood flowers, plumeria blossom and Suphan Buri's durian thorn in the basket. The delicate basketry works are available at Amphoe Song Phi Nong, Amphoe UThong and Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat. Brassware is available in Amphoe Don Chedi. Amphoe Mueang, Amphoe UThong and Amphoe Song Phi Nong are also famous for hand woven cloth and products from dried water hyacinth. Bencharong ceremic ware is available in Amphoe Mueang.

Lots of delicious cuisine is available around the town. Suphan Buri is famous for local chiffon soft cake Sali Suphan, canned water chestnut, canned bamboo shoots, termite mushroom, honey roasted duck, baked chicken, small-scale croaker, sun dried fish, and sun-dried beef.

Famous shops of Suphan Buri are as follows:

Amphoe Mueang Suphan Buri

Ban Thammakun (กลุ่มศิลปหัตถกรรมบ้านธรรมกุล) (Near Wat Phra Non) 60 Mu 5 Tambon Wang Yang Tel: 0 3540 8400, 08 9817 7856 (open 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Ben Cha Rong Ban Nong Hin (เบญจรงค์บ้าน ทนองทิน) 349/2 Mu 5 Ban Nong Phan Kong Village, Tambon Ta Ling Chan Tel: 08 6011 5325, 08 5935 2403 (open 8.00 a.m.-8.00 p.m.)

Ben Cha Rong Thong Factory (โรงงาน เบญจรงค์ทอง) 26/7 Mu 7 Tambon Pho Phra Ya Tel: 0 3553 5890, 0 3553 5737 Fax: 0 3553 5737 (open 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Charoen Chai 1 (เจริญชัย ๑) 10 Malai Maen Rd., Tambon Tha Phi Liang (by the Highway Department intersection) Tel. 0 3552 2454. The shop offers Sali Suphan, Pan Khlip or Thai dimsum, and dice-like sweets. (open 6.30 a.m.-8.00 p.m.)

Charoen Chai 2 (เจริญชัย ๒) The second branch is located next to the provincial bus

terminal at 274/3 Malai Maen-Bang Bua Thong Rd., Tambon Tha Rahat. Tel: 0 3551 1096

Ekachai Sali Suphan (เอกขัย สาลีสุพรรณ) 222/2 Mu 5 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Rd., Tambon Tha Rahat Tel. 0 3541 2424. 0 3541 2476, Fax: 0 3541 2475-6 The shop is famous for Sali Suphan. (Monday-Friday: 7.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m., Saturday-Sunday: 7.00 a.m.-9.00 p.m.)

Ekkachai Sali Supham, Prasat Thong Branch (เอกชัย สาขาปราสาททอง) (Near entrance Wat Prasat Thong) 151 Muen Han Road, Tambon Tha Phi Liang Tel: 0 3551 1202, 0 3551 1205 (open 6.30 a.m.– 8.00 p.m.)

Khong Di Mueang Suphan (ศูนย์ของที่เมือง สุพรรณ) or Suphan Buri's best products centre. The large shop is located on the Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road near Wat Pho Khoi, Tambon Tha Rahat of Amphoe Mueang Tel: 0 3552 3599. It offers products from housewife groups in the province, OTOP products (One Tambon One Product) and the best products from Suphan Buri such as Sali Suphan, sun dried sepat Siam fish, basketry, and ceramics. The centre opens during 8.30 a.m.-7.00 p.m. on weekdays and 8.30 a.m.-8.00 p.m. on weekends. For detailed information, please contact Tel: 0 3552 3599, 0 3552 4234

Ma La Thong (มาลาทอง) 262/1 Mu 5, Tambon Don Kam Yan Tel: 0 3555 5560, 02 8454 4692 Fax: 0 3555 5560, 0 2805 3907 (email: info@ malathong.com, open 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Thipyada (กลุ่มแม่บ้านทิพย์ญาดา) 52/21 Mu 3 Yada 2 Village, Tambon Rua Yai Tel: 08 9800 4584 Fax: 0 3552 2670

Amphoe Bang Pla Ma

Ban Phai Nge (กลุ่มแม่บ้านบ้านไผ่เง) 336 Mu 1

Suphan-Suan Taeng Road, Tambon Wang Nam Yen Tel: 0 3541 6496, 08 9533 0833

Ban Pho Si Basketry Group (กลุ่มหัตถกรรม จักสานบ้านโพธิ์ศรี) Mu 3, Tambon Bang Pla Ma, Tel: 08 1274 6092, 0 3558 7684. The group offers a vast selection of basketry. (open: 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Bamboo Art Group (กลุ่มศิลปไม้ใผ่) 85 Mu 10 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Rd., Tambon Khok Khram Tel: 0 3541 6274, 0 3541 6351, 08 6011 4309. The group offers furniture and decorative items made from bamboo.

Bencharong (เบญจรงค์) 104 Mu 1 Bang Mae Mai Road, Tambon Ban Laem Tel: 0 3540 0176, 08 7155 1416 (open 10.00 a.m.- 8.00 p.m.)

Iodized salty egg (ไข่เค็มไอโอคีน) 66 Mu 6 Ban Wat Bot, Tambon Makham Lom Tel: 0 3541 6274, 0 3541 6351, 08 6011 4309

Millennium Broom (ผลิตภัณฑ์ไม้กวาดพันปี)

The very endurable broom is available at Ban Bang Mae Mai of Amphoe Bang Pla Ma. The village is located between kilometre 17-18 of highway 3351, the same entrance as going to Wat An. The broom is made from coconut fibre and broom weed and usually done during October-December. For more information, call Khun Prachuap On-Lamoon at Tel: 0 3542 4249.

Mae Buai (แม่บ้าย) 279 Mu 5 Bang Pla Ma Market, Tambon Khok Khram Tel: 0 3558 7077, 0 3558 6416. The shop is famous for its Sali Suphan, egg custard pudding (Mo Kaeng), coconut milk jelly. (open 8.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Sai-Aua Bun Chu (ไล้อัวบุญชู) 132 Mu 2 Talat Kao Hong, Tambon Bang Pla Ma Tel: 08 6505 8205 (Saturday-Sunday 10.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Satho Bang Ma (สาโทบางม้า) Bunditpat-tech

Co, 84 Mu 8 Kho Wang-Bang Maemai Rd., Tambon Bang Pla Ma, Tel: 0 3558 7387, 08 1874 1744, 08 1571 1984 Fax: 0 3540 0116. The company offers local rice spirits Satho.

Sin Mai Phai Group (กลุ่มศิลป์ไม้ใผ่) 37 Mu 12 Suphan Buri-Bang Bua Thong Road, Tambon Khok Khram Tel: 08 6887 8329 (Bamboo Furniture, open 8.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Si Prachan

Aloe vera Suphan Buri (ทุจก.อโลเวล่า สุพรรณบุรี) 612 Mu 3 Si Prachan-Don Chedi Rd., Tel: 0 3558 1371, 08 1857 4374, 0 3558 4446. The company offers aloe beverage, canned fruit such as water chestnut, Singhara nut, sugar palm fruit, and rambutan. Open 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.

Butter Banana (กล้วยอบเนย) 216 Mu 2 Bang Yang Kha Khim, Tambon Ban Krang, Tel: 0 3554 8344, 0 3554 8842

Factory outlet (Suphan Buri) (ศูนย์สินค้า โรงงานสุพรรณบุรี) 222/1 Mu 1, Buffalo Villages, Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Rd., Tel: 0 3558 1667, 0 3558 2591-2. The outlet offers radio, various items, and sport shoes made in the province. (open 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Snow House Canned Fruit (ผลไม้กระป๋องสในว์ เฮาส์) 300/3 Mu 3 Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Rd., Tambon Si Prachan, Tel: 0 3558 1099, 0 3558 1648-9 Fax: 0 3558 2217 (open Monday-Saturday 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Sam Chuk

Interlace by Ban Thung Phak (กลุ่มจักสาน บ้านทุ่งแฝก) (about 11 Km. from Wat Thung Phaek) 47/1 Mu 2 Suphan-Chainat Road, Tambon Wang Luek Tel: 0 3568 1101 **Karun To Muk Krua Luk Mae Ya** (การุณโต๊ะ มุก ครัวลูกแม่หยา) 932 Mu 2 Liap Mae Nam Tha Chin Road, Tambon Sam Chuk Tel: 0 3557 1731, 08 1909 0519 (open 8.00 a.m.- 5.00 p.m.)

Amphoe Doem Bang Nang Buat

Carved bamboo (หน่อไม้ไผ่ตงแกะสลัก) 45/1 Mu 7 Tambon Khao Phra

Herbal products by Ruean Rak Samunphrai (ผลิตภัณฑ์เรือนรักษ์สมุนไพร บ.เรือน รักษ์สมุนไพร) 3/5 Mu 6 Suphan Buri-Chai Nat Rd., Tambon Nang Buat Tel: 0 3551 5366, 0 3551 5943. 0 2676 1348

Lao Si-Lao Khrang Weaving Group (กลุ่ม ผ้าทอพื้นเมืองโบราณ ลาวชี่-ลาวครั้ง) 25/1 Mu 5(Ban Thung Kan Lueang) Tambon Pa Sakae Tel: 08 9262 8646

Thantawan Shop (ทานตะวันข้อป) 106/2 Mu 7 Tambon Doem Bang,Tel: 0 3557 8090, 0 3557 8239, 0 3550 8465-6 or Fax: 0 3557 8239. The shop offers water chestnut, rambutan, Singhara nut, and jelly in syrup.

Water hyacinth basketry (จักสานผักตบชวา) 27 Mu 2 Ban Huai Wai, Tambon Khok Chang, Tel: 08 1858 3548. The shop offers furniture and basketry made from sun dried water hyacinth.

Amphoe Nong Ya Sai

Silk (ผ้าไทม) 628 Mu 9 Ban Thung Saem Dan Chang-Nong Toei Road Tambon Nong Khaem Tel: 0 3546 7261, 08 4145 4814, 08 7067 2297 (Silk, open 8.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Unpolished jasmine rice (ข้าวกล้องหอมมะลิ) 30/2 Mu 1, Ban Banlang, Tambon Nong Ya Sai Tel: 0 3557 7131, 08 9800 2294, 08 1943 8507

Amphoe Dan Chang

Kaeo Chao Chom Agricultural Housewife Group (กลุ่มแม่บ้านเกษตรกรแก้วเจ้าจอม) The housewife group has developed Thai-style rolled crackers or Thong Muan. From a coconut milk flavour, the cracker has been developed into various herbal flavors such as ginger, green tea, fried chili paste, coffee, garlic, seaweed, spring onion, and black bean. Call Tel: 0 3552 9004, 08 1403 0998 for more information.

Handicraft from tree root (กลุ่มอาชีพ หัตถกรรมรากไม้) 32 Mu 6, Ban Nong Phue, Tambom Dan Chang. Tel: 0 3552 9200

Amphoe U Thong

Hand-made embroidery (กลุ่มผ้าปักดันมือ) 142 Mu 3, Malai Man Rd., Tambon Krachan. Tel: 0 3555 1300, 08 1804 1935. (open 8.30 a.m.-5.p.m., closed on Sundays)

Xongdur Instant cereal beverage (ซอง เดอร์ เครื่องดื่มธัญพืชสำเร็จรูป) 129 Mu 1, Dan Chang-Malai Man Rd., Tambon Nong Ong, Tel: 08 9922 7813, 0 2967 1200-1, 0 2526 8459 Fax: 0 2967 1302 www.xongdur.com (open 8.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Wang Thong hand woven textiles (ผ้าทอ วังทอง) 24 Mu 13, Ban Wang Thong, Tambon Chorakhe Samphan Tel: 0 3548 4080, 08 1924 4509 (open 8.00: a.m.-5.00 p.m.)

Herbal products by Thai traditional health centre, U Thong Hospital (ผลิตภัณฑ์ สมุนไพร ศูนย์ส่งเสริมสุขภาพแผนไทย รพ.อู่ทอง) 2024 Mu 6, Malai Man Rd., Tambon U Thong, Tel: 0 3556 5554 to 5, 08 1981 0568, 08 9949 3167, 0 3555 1422 Ext. 141. (open 9.00 a.m.-8.00 p.m.)

Artificial fruits and vegetables (ผัก ผลไม้ ประดิษฐ์) 298 Mu 6, Tha Phraya Chak Rd., Tambon U Thong, Tel: 0 3555 2991, 08 19411030. (open 9.00 a.m.- 5.00 p.m.)

Suphan Buri Private Forest Co-operatives (สหกรณ์สวนป่าภาคเอกชนสุพรรณบุรี) 468-470 Mu 17 U Thong-Dan Chang Rd., Tambon Don Kha, Tel: 0 3542 1744

Amphoe Song Phi Nong

Pla Mam (ปลาหม่ำ) 9 Mu 4 Bang Sanun Road, Tambon Ton Tan Tel: 0 3554 2213, 0 3554 2270 (open 8.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m.)

Rolled banana and sliced banana chip (กล้วยเลย์ กล้วยม้วน) 441 Mu 4,Thung Khok-Phra Thaen Dong Rang Rd., Tambon Bo Suphan, Tel: 08 3540 2041, 08 7161 3404, 08 1726 4349

Golf Courses

27 Resort (๒๓ วีสอร์ท) (2 km from Wat Khao Di Salak) It is located at 49 Mu 11, Tambon Phlapphla Chai, Tel: 0 3548 1319-20 Fax: 0 3548 1320, or visit the website: www.27golf-resort.com (12 holes) (open 6.00 a.m.-10.00 p.m.)

USEFUL CALLS

Suphan Buri Provincial Office Tel: 0 3553 5375-6, 0 3540 8200

Mueang Suphan Buri Municipality Tel: 0 3551 1987, 0 3552 2973, 0 3551 1978

Suphan Buri Provincial Public Relations Office Tel: 0 3540 8220, 0 3553 5423

Suphan Buri Provincial Police Station Tel: 0 3552 5583-4
Suphan Buri Bus Terminal Tel: 0 3552 2373
Suphan Buri Railway Station Tel: 0 3551 1950

Suphamit Suphan Buri Hospital Tel: 0 3550 0283-8, 0 3552 3777

Chao Phraya Yommarat Hospital Tel: 0 3550 2784-8, 0 3552 4068-71

Don Chedi Hospital Tel: 0 3559 1032, 0 3550 7510

Doem Bang Nang Buat Hospital Tel: 0 3557 8032-3, 0 3550 8577, 0 3550 8492

Bang Pla Ma Hospital Tel: 0 3540 0578-81

Si Prachan Hospital Tel: 0 3558 1203-4, 0 3558 1749-50

U Thong Hospital Tel: 0 3555 1422

Somdejprasangkharach XVII Hospital,

Amphoe Song Phi Nong Tel: 0 3553 1077

Sam Chuk Hospital Tel: 0 35571492, 0 3557 2219

Dan Chang Hospital Tel: 0 3559 5032, 0 3550 9692-6

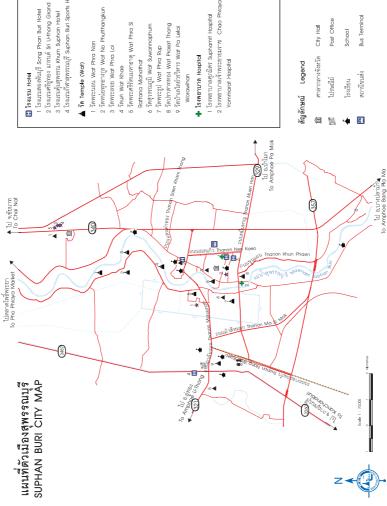
Tourist Police Tel: 1155 Highway Police Tel: 1193

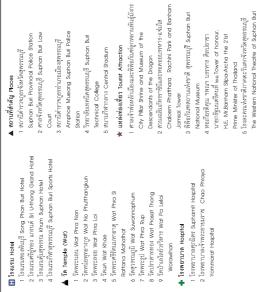


Wat Khao Di Salak



Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat





สถานีรถไฟ	ทางทดาง	แม่น้ำ, แพล่งน้ำ	ทางรถไฟ	
E			>	
City Hall	Post Office	School	Bus Terminal	
ศาลากลางจังหวัด	ไปรษณีย์	โรงเรียน	สถานีขนล่ง	

Railway Station

River,Stream

Railway

Highway

จ.พระนครศรีอยุธยา Phra Nakhon Si Ayuthaya จ.อ่างทอง Ang Thong (8) จ.นครปรุม Nakhon Pathom จ.ซัยนาท Chai Nat อ.ทนองหญ้าใช่ Nong Ya Sai คูนย์สงเสรินและพัฒนาอาชีพการกษตรจังพัทธิ Suphon Bur Agricultubal Development and Promot จ.กาญจนบุรี Kanchanaburi จ.อุทัยธานี Uthai Thani แผนที่ท่องเที่ยวจังหวัดสุพรรณบุรี SUPHAN BURI TOURIST MAP Province Boundary Province Location Amphoe (District) Tourist Attraction Railway Station River,Stream Highway Railway Scote 1: 800,000 เส้นขอบเขตจังหวัด สถานที่ท่องเที่ยว แม่น้ำ, แหล่งน้ำ สถานีรถไฟ ที่ยังจังหวัด Legend ทางหลวง ทางรถไฟ อำนาอ สัญลักษณ์

TAT TOURIST INFORMATION CENTERS

TOURISM AUTHORITY OF THAILAND HEAD OFFICE

1600 Phetchaburi Road., Makkasan

Ratchathewi, Bangkok 10400

Tel: 0 2250 5500 Fax: 0 2250 5511

E-mail: info@tat.or.th

Website: www.tourismthailand.org

Ministry of Tourism and Sports

4 Ratchadamnoen Nok Avenue, Bangkok 10100

8.30 a.m.-4.30 p.m. everyday

TAT SUPHAN BURI

91 Phrapanwasa Road, Tambon

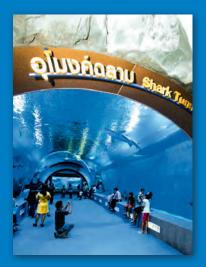
Amphoe Mueang, Suphan Buri 72000

Tel: 0 3552 5867, 0 3552 5880

Fax: 0 3552 5863-4

E-mail: tatsuphan@tat.co.th

Areas of Responsibility: Suphan Buri, Ang Thong and Chai Nat



Bueng Chawak Chaloem Phrakiat



Information by: TAT Suphan Buri

Tourist Information Division (Tel. 0 2250 5500 ext. 2141-5)

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